

Pollution Incident Response Management Plan

Carrington Asphalt

Version Seven: 26 July 2023



DOCUMENT CONTROL SHEET

Table 1: Document update details

Rev.	Date	Prepared by	Approved By	Revision Details
01	27 Aug 2018	Joshua Dean	Joshua Dean	Document created
02	24 May 2019	Shoanne Labowitch	Shoanne Labowitch	Update contact details
03	4 July 2019	Shoanne Labowitch	Shoanne Labowitch	Update risk table, contacts and formatting
04	28 July 2020	Shoanne Labowitch	Shoanne Labowitch	Update PIRMP Drill details Update site contacts Updates to reflect EPA PIRMP Guidelines March 2020 Incidents grouped according to type and response.
05	26 July 2021	Shoanne Labowitch	Chris Adams	Update PIRMP Drill details
06	30 July 2022	Rod Johnson	Rod Johnson	Update site contacts
07	26 July 2023	Ben Williams	Ben Williams	Update site contacts

Current Rev.	Date Implemented	PIRMP Test Schedule	Date for Next Review
07	27 July 2023	12 months	July 2024

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PART A: COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS, POLLUTION INVENTORIES AND RISK ASSESSMENTS

1. PURPOSE

The purpose of the Carrington Asphalt Pollution Incident Response Plan is to:

- Provide direction to the staff at Carrington Asphalt in responding to pollution incidents at the Carrington operations;
- Ensure timely communication about a pollution incident is provided to staff at the premises, the Environment Protection Authority (EPA), other relevant authorities specified in the Protection of the Environment Legislation Amendment Act (POELA Act) (including Newcastle City Council, NSW Ministry of Health, Work Cover NSW, and Fire and Rescue NSW) and persons outside the operations who may be affected by the impacts of a pollution incident;
- Minimise and control the risk of a pollution incident at Carrington Asphalt by identifying key risks and planned actions to minimise and manage those risks;
- Detail the training requirements for this plan, identifying persons responsible for implementing it, and ensuring that the plan is regularly tested for accuracy, currency and suitability.
- A hard copy of the PIRMP is to be kept on the site environmental board in the Carrington
 Asphalt Main Office. A soft copy of the PIRMP and EPL 21003 is made available online
 https://www.boral.com.au/our-commitment/environmental-reporting

2. LEGISLATIVE REQUIREMENTS

The specific requirements for a Pollution Incident Response Management Plan (PIRMP) are set out in Part 5.7A of the POEO Act and the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009 (POEO (G) Regulation). Part 3A of the POEO Act and the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009 (POEO (G) Regulation) describes specific components and requirements of a PIRMP.

Table 2 summarises the location of these requirements within the document.

Table 2: Summary of Legislative Requirements of a PIRMP

Section/Clause	Requirement	Location in PIRMP
	Part 5.7A POEO Act 1997	
147	(1) For the purposes of this Part— (a) harm to the environment is material if— (i) it involves actual or potential harm to the health or safety of human beings or to ecosystems that is not trivial, or (ii) it results in actual or potential loss or property damage of an amount, or amounts in aggregate, exceeding \$10,000 (or such other amount as is prescribed by the regulations), and (b) loss includes the reasonable costs and expenses that would be incurred in taking all reasonable and practicable measures to prevent, mitigate or make good harm to the environment. (2) For the purposes of this Part, it does not matter that harm to the environment is caused only in the premises where the pollution incident occurs.	Section 3
153A	The holder of an environment protection licence must prepare a pollution incident response management plan that complies with this Part in relation to the activity to which the licence relates.	EPL 21003 and this document
153C	A pollution incident response management plan must be in the form required by the regulations and must include the following— (a) the procedures to be followed by the holder of the relevant environment protection licence, or the occupier of the relevant premises, in notifying a pollution incident to— (i) the owners or occupiers of premises in the vicinity of the premises to which the environment protection licence or the direction under section 153B relates, and (ii) the local authority for the area in which the premises to which the environment protection licence or the direction under section 153B relates are located and any area affected, or potentially affected, by the pollution, and (iii) any persons or authorities required to be notified by Part 5.7,	Section 7 and 8 Section 4 Section 6, 7, 8, 9 and 14 Section 6, 7, 8, 9 and 14

	(b) a detailed description of the action to be taken, immediately after a pollution incident, by the holder of the relevant environment protection licence, or the occupier of the relevant premises, to reduce or control any pollution,	Section 13
	(c) the procedures to be followed for coordinating, with the authorities or persons that have been notified, any action taken in combating the pollution caused by the incident and, in particular, the persons through whom all communications are to be made,	Section 6, 7, 8, 9 and 14
	(d) any other matter required by the regulations.	Section 8, 13
153D	A person who is required to prepare a pollution incident response management plan under this Part must ensure that it is kept at the premises to which the relevant environment protection licence relates, or where the relevant activity takes place, and is made available in accordance with the	Section 1
	regulations.	
153E	A person who is required to prepare a pollution incident response management plan under this Part must ensure that it is tested in accordance with the regulations	Section 10,11
153F	If a pollution incident occurs in the course of an activity so that material harm to the environment (within the meaning of section 147) is caused or threatened, the person carrying on the activity must immediately implement any pollution incident response management plan in relation to the activity required by this Part A POEO(G) Regulation 2009 Pollution Incident Response Management	Section 3, Section 13
Part 3	note: See also 153C (a)-(c) of the POEO Act 1997	ement Plans
98C(1) (a)	A description of the hazards to human health or the environment associated with the activity to which the licence relates.	Section 5, Appendix 1
98C(1) (b)	The likelihood of any such hazards occurring, including details of any conditions or events that could, or would, increase that likelihood,	Appendix 1
98C(1) (c)	Details of the pre-emptive action to be taken to minimise or prevent any risk of harm to human health or the environment arising out of the relevant activity	Section 8, Appendix 1, Section 13
98C(1) (d)	An inventory of potential pollutants on the premises or used in carrying out the relevant activity	Section 5
98C(1) (f)	A description of the safety equipment or other devices that are used to minimise the risks to human health or the environment and to contain or control a pollution incident,	Section 5, Appendix 1
98C(1) (g)	the names, positions and 24-hour contact details of those key individuals who:	Section 7, 14
	I. are responsible for activating the plan, and	
	II. are authorised to notify relevant authorities under section 148 of the Act, and	
	III. are responsible for managing the response to a pollution incident,	
98C(1) (h)	the contact details of each relevant authority referred to in section 148 of the Act,	Section 8, 14
98C(1) (i)	Details of the mechanisms for providing early warnings and regular updates to the owners and occupiers of premises in	Section 9

	the vicinity of the premises to which the licence relates or where the scheduled activity is carried on	
98C(1) (j)	The arrangements for minimising the risk of harm to any persons who are on the premises or who are present where	Section 8, Appendix 1
	the scheduled activity is being carried on	
98C(1) (k)	A detailed map (or set of maps) showing the location of the premises to which the licence relates, the surrounding area that is likely to be affected by a pollution incident, the location of potential pollutants on the premises and the location of any stormwater drains on the premises	Figure 1-3
98C(1) (I)	A detailed description of how any identified risk of harm to human health will be reduced, including (as a minimum) by means of early warnings, updates and the action to be taken during or immediately after a pollution incident to reduce that risk,	Section 8, Appendix 1
98C(1) (m)	The nature and objectives of any staff training program in relation to the plan	Section 10
98C(1) (n)	The dates on which the plan has been tested and the name of the person who carried out the test,	Table 6
98C(1) (o)	The dates on which the plan is updated,	Document Control Sheet
98C(1) (p)	The manner in which the plan is to be tested and maintained.	Section 10, 11, 12

3. DEFINITION OF 'POLLUTION INCIDENT'

The definition of a pollution incident is:

"Pollution incident means an incident or set of circumstances during or as a consequence of which there is or is likely to be a leak, spill or other escape or deposit of a substance, as a result of which pollution has occurred, is occurring or is likely to occur. It includes an incident or set of circumstances in which a substance has been placed or disposed of on premises, but it does not include an incident or set of circumstances involving only the emission of any noise."

A pollution incident is required to be notified if there is a risk of 'material harm to the environment', which is defined in section 147 of the POEO Act as:

- a) Harm to the environment is material if:
 - i. it involves actual or potential harm to the health or safety of human beings or to ecosystems that is not trivial, or

ii. it results in actual or potential loss or property damage of an amount, or amounts in aggregate, exceeding \$10,000 (or such other amount as is prescribed by the regulations), and

b) loss includes the reasonable costs and expenses that would be incurred in taking all reasonable and practicable measures to prevent, mitigate or make good harm to the environment.

Licensees are now required to report non-trivial pollution incidents immediately to the EPA, NSW Health, Fire and Rescue NSW, Safework NSW and the local council.

4. SCOPE

This PIRMP must be followed by employees, contractors and visitors of Carrington Asphalt, to assist in the early response to and reporting of a pollution incident. Carrington asphalt is owned and occupied by Boral Resources (NSW) and is operated under Environmental Protection Licence 21003.

5. SITE LAYOUT

The location of the site and overall site layout is shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2 below, respectively. Please note that Part B of this PIRMP contains detailed maps which describe the important details for each pollution incident scenario.

Figure 1 - Carrington Asphalt Location Map



Figure 2 - Carrington Asphalt Reference Map

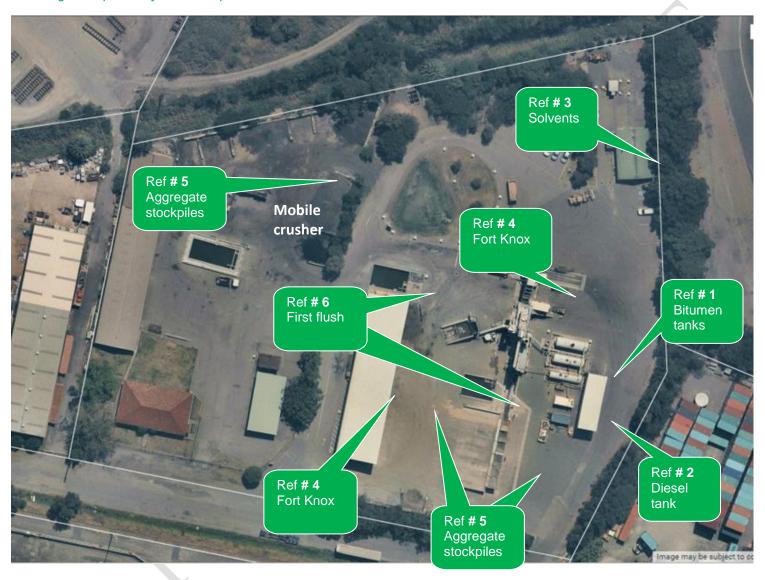
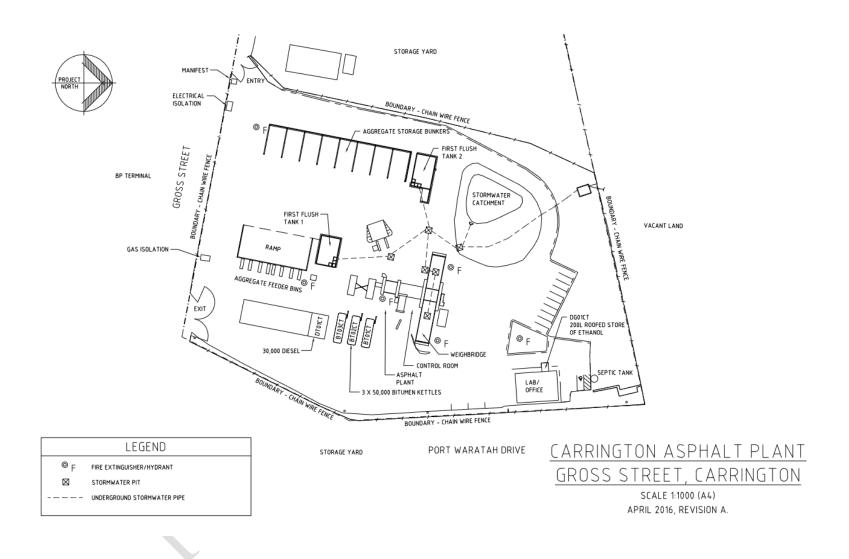


Figure 3: Carrington Asphalt – Site Components



6. POTENTIAL POLLUTING SUBSTANCES

Table 3 below is an inventory of potential pollutants kept on the premises. This inventory provides a description of the main hazards to human health or the environment, an assessment of the likelihood of the hazards occurring and also includes the current controls and safety equipment and/ or pre-emptive actions in place to minimise or prevent risk of harm to human health or the environment.

Table 3 - Summary and controls relating to potential polluting substance

Site Name: Carrington Asphalt	in this sheet are to be s	•				Responsible Person: Chris Adams	Date: 20/7/2022
Name / description	Covered under Haz Chemicals/SDS?	Amount stored	Location of storage	Map reference	Need for early warning ¹	Current controls	See Risk Ass & PIRMP Response Action (see Below)
	UBRICANTS (raw mater		1				T
Bitumen	Class 9	2 x 55,000L ltrs 1 x 48,000 ltrs	Bitumen storage tanks	Ref No #2	N/A	 PMP Training Spill Kits SOP Inductions Fire Fighting Equipment Security 	Incident #1-3
Diesel	Class 1	30,000 ltrs	Diesel storage tank	Ref No #2	N/A	 Double skinned tank PMP Training Spill Kits Inductions Fire Fighting Equipment Security 	Incident #3
Oils/Solvents	Class 3	800 ltrs	Toluene	Ref No #32	N/A	 Bunding PMP Training Spill Kits Inductions Fire Fighting 	Incident #3

¹ Early warnings relate to informing neighbours who may be affected by the emission of this substance. If this substance is of a type and quantity which may reach neighbours then early warning assessment of actions is required to be undertaken.

						Equipment	
						Security	
Oils/Solvents	N/A	2 x 1,000 ltrs	Fort Knox	Ref No #2	N/A	 Bunding PMP Training Spill Kits Inductions Fire Fighting Equipment Security 	Incident #3
MATERIALS (e.g. stoc	ckpiles, silos, bulk solids	etc.)					
Aggregate Stockpiles	N/A	Variable	Dedicated on site	Ref No #2	N/A	 Water sprinklers Contained bays with roofing Bob cat sweeper Maintain manageable levels Security 	Incident #4
AQUEOUS (e.g. dams	, wastewater tanks, oth	ner water stora	ge area)			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
First flush system	N/A	Variable	Site	Ref No [#] 2	N/A	 Design capacity Audits and Inspections Oily water separator 	Incident #3
SUBSTANCES IN PRO	CESSES (substances whi	ch could be em	itted from opera	tional proce	ss i.e. treatmen	t plants, vehicles etc.)	
Name / description	Covered under Haz Chemicals/MSDS?	Amount stored	Location of storage	Map reference	Need for early warning ²	Current controls	See Risk Ass & PIRMP Response Action (see Below)
Mobile Plant (BORAL)	Class 3	2 x FEL's 1 x mobile screen 1 x Bobcat 1x forklift	Variable Locations	N/A	N/A	Spill KitsPre start checksPMPTraining	Incident #3

² Early warnings relate to informing neighbours who may be affected by the emission of this substance. If this substance is of a type and quantity which may reach neighbours then early warning assessment of actions is required to be undertaken.

Traffic Areas (dust, N/A	N/A	Dedicated on	N/A	N/A	Training	Incident #3, 4
chem. leaks & loss)		site			 Water cart 	
					 Spill Kits 	

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7. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Position	Responsibility
Employees and Contractors	Following the procedures outlined in the PIRMP and related documents
	Immediately alerting Site Manager or Team Leader of any environmental incidents or near-misses.
Team Leaders / Front Line Supervisors	Following the procedures outlined in the PIRMP and related documents (HSEQ MS 3-02)
	Immediately alerting Site Manager or, in case of their unavailability, Environmental Representative or Environment Manager of any potentially material environmental incidents or near-misses.
	Assist in conducting incident investigations.
Site Manager and/or	Authorisation of the PIRMP
Site Environmental Advisor and/or Environment Manager	Administration, maintenance and implementation of the PIRMP
Environment Wanager	Assessing whether the incident is non-trivial and has caused or threatens "material environmental harm" and communicate details to management.
	Provide direction and advice on incident response
Sy.	Coordinate communication to neighbours through Stakeholder Relations Manager
	Ensuring that investigations are undertaken to a level corresponding to the level of risk and impact.
HSE Regional Manager and/or Regional Environment	Make a determination as to whether the incident (as defined in section 147 of the POEO Act) is non-trivial and therefore reportable to external agencies
Manager	Inform Executive General manager and Group management of Notification to External Agencies
	Undertake notifications as defined in PIRMP
	Authorise notifications to public and/or media following GRP-HSEQ-2-02

8. INTERNAL POLLUTION INCIDENT REPORTING

Any pollution incident satisfying the *material harm* threshold must be immediately reported to relevant statutory authorities by either the HSE Regional Manager, or Regional Environment Manager.

In cases where "material harm" level cannot be immediately assessed or insufficient information comes to hand on the severity of the incident, the general advice is to err on the side of caution and notify the Relevant Authorities with a qualification that the situation could not yet be fully assessed.

Until further notice the following procedure needs to be followed:

- 1. When a pollution incident occurs, a person who has become aware of it must immediately bring it to the attention of his/her immediate Supervisor or Manager
- 2. If necessary, first ring "000" for Emergency Services
- 3 At least one of the following BCM personnel must be contacted **immediately**:

Whilst personal contact details for the following are available in the Controlled on site Pollution Incident Response

Management Plan they do not appear in this public document.

Table 4 - Internal contact list

Name	Function	Mobile number
Simon White	Site Supervisor	
Craig Stafford	HS Business Partner	
Greg Johnson	Senior Environmental Business Partner	
Ben Williams	Environmental Business Partner	

- 4. The Carrington Site Manager, or in case of his unavailability one of the Senior Management personnel listed above, is to **immediately** notify the NSW Senior Environmental Business Partner or Environmental Business Partner.
- 5. NSW Senior Environmental Business Partner is to immediately notify all Appropriate Regulatory Authorities specified in Section 8.

- 6. In borderline situations, where the exceedance of the trigger level of "material harm" of a pollution incident may not be clear, a quick assessment including consultation with Boral environmental personnel should be undertaken to help the decision whether to notify or not.
- 7. Boral's Senior Management must be informed promptly of the fact of immediate notification to the Authorities. This includes environmental personnel listed above, as well as Scott Hellicar, Mark Crawford, Rob McGuire and Scott Carter.

9. EXTERNAL POLLUTION INCIDENT REPORTING

As the legislation requires that notification must be done immediately upon becoming aware of the pollution incident, it is unlikely that a detailed picture will be available for reporting. Notwithstanding, is seems that some of the Government Authorities prepared a detailed questionnaire, which is being filled at the time of this initial notification. Under the stress of incident handling it could be easy to provide a hasty, inaccurate estimate of the situation when answering these questions.

Therefore, the notification should be restricted to the facts known and nothing should be assumed or guessed. The details will be provided to the asking Authority later when more information comes to hand.

The initial notification should include as much of the following information (if known) as possible:

- Location and time of the pollution incident
- Type of the incident (spill, fire, unlicensed harmful discharge, etc)
- Assessed level of incident gravity: "it seems to be..." (e.g. "a relatively minor spill"; "major fire", "explosion limited to one building", etc.)
- Whether the Emergency Services have been required to attend.

Unless known for a fact, the answers to other questions should be politely deferred until a better assessment of the situation can be made.

The Boral person who is responsible for notifying the Authorities (NSW HSE Regional Manager or Regional Environment Manager) about the incident as per the contact details in Table 5, must prepare a Notification Log (a suitable form is attached in Section 14) with the details of time of notifications and the persons who took to the call. The Authorities will generally provide an Incident Notification Number.

Notification of all Appropriate Government Authorities (at least 5 entities) may take considerable time. Delays may be experienced connecting to the right person or no contact may be possible after hours. All such instances should be recorded in the Notification Log.

10. POLLUTION INCIDENT AUTHORITY CONTACT LIST

Table 5 - External Authority Contact List

Government Authority - compulsory notifications	Emergency notification phone number
EPA – Environment Line	131 555
Fire and Rescue NSW (FRNSW)	1300 729 579
Newcastle City Council	4974 2000
Public Health Unit (Hunter) – Hunter New England Health	HealthLink (24 hr.)- 1800 063 635 Head Office- Newcastle- 02 4921 3000
SafeWork NSW	13 10 50 Company ABN if asked: 51 000 187 002
Government Authority - ring if relevant	Emergency notification phone number
Government Authority - ring if relevant Police & Ambulance	Emergency notification phone number
Police & Ambulance	000
Police & Ambulance Roads and Maritime Services (road spills)	000 132 701
Police & Ambulance Roads and Maritime Services (road spills) NSW Natural Resources Access Regulator	000 132 701 1800 633 362

Communication with the local community may also be undertaken depending on the circumstances of the pollution incident. Part B describes in the response action tables the criteria whether an incident may require community notification. If deemed necessary, Carrington Asphalt would consider the following options for providing Early Warning and ongoing information to the community on pollution incidents:

- Direct phone contact with any local residents directly impacted by the pollution incident
- Letter Box drops of incident information and site contacts to local residents impacted by the pollution incident

The Stakeholder Relations Manager can assist in the process of communicating with the community, as per the Stakeholder Engagement Plan for the site.

11. INCIDENT RESPONSE TRAINING

Carrington Asphalt will implement the Pollution Incident Response Management Plan by training or providing information to relevant employees and contractors in relevant areas of the Plan.

The nature and objectives of staff training is to relate to site personnel the importance of early notification of any incidents and spills to site supervisors and key personnel.

Training or information will be provided on the following:

- The contents and intent of this PIRMP;
- The roles and responsibilities of site staff in relation to this PIRMP;
- Spill response procedures;
- General environmental awareness; and / or
- Hazardous materials awareness.

Site inductions for visitors and sub-contractors also advise individuals to report any environmental incidents or spills to site supervisors and key personnel immediately. Key site personnel and supervisors participate in PIRMP Tests which are used as practical training and

can also be used to identify any potential gaps or areas for improvement for the PIRMP. A summary of the PIRMP Drills undertaken at Carrington Asphalt is shown below in Table 6.

Table 6 - PIRMP Drills Undertaken at Carrington Quarry

Test Date	Version tested	Incident Drilled	Drill Team Lead
09/05/2023	V6	Review of Immediate Notification	Ben Williams, Simon White
		Protocols as part of the Internal	
		Environmental Audit	
20/07/2022	V5	Review of PIRMP and contact details	Rod Johnson
02/08/2021	V4	Loss of product due to filling	Chris Adams
		bitumen tank	
27/07/2020	V3	Diesel Fuel Spill	Chris Adams

Please note that V4 of the PIRMP consolidated the incident list. Incident numbers may be reflective of old versions of the PIRMP.

A sign-off sheet is kept of the personnel present for the undertaking of a PIRMP Drill and a record is kept on when and how the PIRMP is communicated to employees. This information forms a section of the PIRMP Drill document. For more information regarding each of the PIRMP Drills, refer to the specific drill document.

12. PIRMP TESTING

Plans must be tested routinely at least once every 12 months. The testing is to be carried out in such a manner as to ensure that the information included in the plan is accurate and up to date, and that each plan is capable of being implemented in a workable and effective manner.

The objectives of an audit are to maintain compliance with this plan. Internal audits of this Plan will be undertaken every 3 years.

Routine testing of the PIRMP will be conducted annually, and can be completed through the following methods:

- Simulated environmental emergency; or
- Desktop simulations.

13. PIRMP REVIEW

Revisions are to be coordinated by the Site Manager and Environmental Representative.

The objectives of a review are:

- To maintain compliance with the statutory requirements, and
- To identify opportunities for improvement in the Plan, and reduce the risk to human health and the environment

13.1. EVENT BASED

Events which may trigger a review of this Plan or its associated documents include:

- Within 1 month of reporting to the nominated parties in accordance with the plan, after a pollution incident, or
- Modification/Improvement to the system

13.2. TIME BASED

Carrington Asphalt will review this management plan routinely every 12 months. The Plan review will include:

- This Document, and
- Legislation, Approval and Licence changes.

APPENDIX 1. RISK ASSESSMENT ON POTENTIAL IMPACTS

Site:	a Asphalt			-	le Person:	Review Date:		
Carrington Name / ref of pollutant/ chemicals		Consequence	Likelihood	Initial Risk	Factors that could increase risk	20 July 2022 Residual risk after implementation of controls	Responsible person	Action date
Bitumen	Incident #1 Catastrophic failure of above ground bitumen tank resulting in material harm to the environment. Risk to environment: fire risk associated with uncontained bitumen causing smoke and fire impacts Risk to human health: Inhalation of smoke, fire risk to loss of life.	Minor (2)	Unlikely (2)	L	Weather: Dry, windy conditions (increase fire danger) or heavy rain/flood conditions (will increase potential for spill to spread to catchment drainage areas) Location of spill: spills near drainage lines or with equipment near waterbodies have higher risk of material harm. Spills near vegetation or rehabilitation areas have higher fire risk.	Consequence: (Minor): Failure resulting in loss of all or substantial volume of tanks would be unlikely due to the consistency of bitumen. Fire risk associated with uncontained bitumen Likelihood: (Unlikely): Due to location, damage to tanks is unlikely to occur from external equipment. In addition, tanks are maintained in good structural integrity with low risk of failure through corrosion. Fire risk associated with uncontained bitumen Residual Risk Assessment = Minor (2) Vs Rare (1) = LOW (2)	As per PIRMP action plan	When required
	Incident #2 Significant loss of bitumen during filling operations resulting in material harm to the environment. Risk to environment: fire risk associated with uncontained bitumen causing smoke and fire impacts Risk to human health: Inhalation of smoke, fire risk to loss of life.	Minor (2)	Unlikely (2)	L	Weather: Dry, windy conditions (increase fire danger) or heavy rain/flood conditions (will increase potential for spill to spread to catchment drainage areas) Location of spill: spills near drainage lines or with equipment near waterbodies have higher risk of material harm. Spills near vegetation or rehabilitation areas have higher fire risk.	Consequence: (Minor): Failure resulting in loss/leakage from fuelling or re-fuelling from hose, nozzle or plant/equipment would be captured by spill response kit with minimal release to soil. Fire risk associated with uncontained bitumen Likelihood: (Rare): Due to location and viscosity of material a significant loss while re-fuelling and fuelling is unlikely to occur. Hoses and refuelling equipment are maintained with low risk of failure. Fire risk associated with uncontained bitumen. Residual Risk Assessment = Minor (2) Vs Rare (1) = LOW (2)	As per PIRMP action plan	When required
Diesel/Oils/ Solvents	Incident #3 Significant loss of diesel, oils or	Minor (2)	Unlikely (2)	L	Weather: Dry, windy conditions (increase fire danger) or heavy rain/flood conditions (will	Consequence: (Incidental): Failure resulting in loss of oils/solvents from packaged goods would be captured entirely by existing primary bund with no release to soil or water.	As per PIRMP action plan	When required

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	solvents inside bund and/or spill tray during delivery and/or use resulting in material harm to the environment Risk to environment: hydrocarbons				increase potential for spill to spread to catchment drainage areas) Location of spill: spills near drainage lines or with equipment near waterbodies have higher risk of material harm. Spills near vegetation or rehabilitation areas have higher fire risk.	Likelihood: (Unlikely): Due to location within the bund, spillage during delivery and use is unlikely to occur. In addition hoses and decanting equipment are maintained in good structural integrity with low risk of failure. Residual Risk Assessment = Incidental (1) Vs Unlikely (2) = LOW (2)		
Airborne Dust	smothering aquatic and plant life, decreases in water quality Risk to human health: contamination of waterbodies Incident #4 Excessive dust from RAP crushing/	Incidental (1)	Unlikely (2)	L	Weather: Dry, windy conditions (increase wind erosion and dust transport). Summer months	Consequence: (Incidental): The nature of RAP and the bitumen content reduces the potential for dust generation while crushing. Water sprays are also used. Site is sealed to reduce dust emissions.	As per PIRMP action plan	When required
	processing operations or surface dust from mobile plant that leaves the site resulting in material harm to the environment or health concerns to community				with long periods of extended dry conditions.	Likelihood: (Unlikely): It is rare that dust would leave the site due to controls and that crushing is carried out on a campaign basis. Dust suppressed with sprays, operations can be restricted in high wind periods. Residual Risk Assessment = Incidental (1) Vs Unlikely (1) = LOW (2)		
	Risk to environment: dust smothering aquatic and plant life Risk to human health: risk of ingestion of fines via respiration. Site is rated as Tier 3 (lowest) site for respirable crystalline silica.							
Mobile Plant	Incident #5 Significant hydraulic hose or fuel tank failure resulting in material harm to the environment Risk to environment: hydrocarbons smothering aquatic and plant life,	Minor (2)	Unlikely (2)	L	Weather: Dry, windy conditions (increase fire danger) or heavy rain/flood conditions (will increase potential for spill to spread to catchment drainage areas) Location of spill: spills near drainage lines or with equipment near waterbodies have higher risk of material harm. Spills near vegetation or rehabilitation areas have higher	Consequence: (Incidental): Failure from fuel tank or hydraulic hoses would be maintained to a small localised area on site. Likelihood: (Rare): Hose or fuel tank failure from mobile plant would be minimal as prestart and regular maintenance programs are in place to capture and prevent such occurrences. Spills kits are also maintained and available in various areas. Inductions for all contractors demonstrating their accountabilities and responsibilities for reporting environmental incidents. Residual Risk Assessment = Incidental (1) Vs Rare (1) = LOW (1)	As per PIRMP action plan	When required

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	decreases in water				fire risk.			
	quality							
	Risk to human							
	<u>health:</u>							
	contamination of							
	waterbodies							
Sediment	Incident #6	Minor (2)	Unlikely (2)	L	Weather: Extended periods of	Consequence: (Minor): Failure of one or more water capture and	As per PIRMP	When
laden	Uncontrolled				rain increase the risk. Late	storage dams are likely to result in off-site impacts to water	action plan	required
stormwater	release of sediment				Summer/early Autumn is	courses which would predominantly reduce water quality over a		
	laden water from				typically the wettest part of the	short period of time. As such, impact to the environment/human		
	storage dams				year on site.	health is not considered to be significant.		
	causing material							
	harm to the					Likelihood: (Rare): Dams and water retention infrastructure are		
	environment					frequently monitored and inspected for levels and integrity.		
	Risk to							
	environment:					Residual Risk Assessment = Minor (2) Vs Rare (1) = LOW (2)	, i	
	suspended solids							
	smothering aquatic					Note: For PIRMP purposes overflow events during extreme wet		
	and plant life,					weather will be reported under POEO Licence obligations and not		
	decreases in water					Immediate Reporting.		
	quality							
	Risk to human							
	<u>health:</u> rapidly							
	increasing water							
	levels could present							
	safety risk for							
	downstream							
	receivers							

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PART B: INCIDENT RESPONSE ACTIONS AND NOTIFICATION LOGS

13. PIRMP RESPONSE ACTIONS

Incident #1	Catastrophic failure of above ground bitumen tanks resulting in material harm to the environment Actions Required: Shutdown of processes and equipment associated with the spill if safe to do so Activation of any associated storm water shut-off valves to isolate Contact all relevant people/department (refer to Immediate Reporting Contact Sheet) Ensure spill management devices capture full volume of bitumen Contact service provider (Caltex No. 1800033111 or Transpacific 02 96007185) to pump-out bund contents Area to be restricted to Incident Response Personnel Ensure spill kit available for any release from containment If any release onto unsealed soil/surface water - Environmental Consultants to be engaged to investigate and remediate contamination. Repair/replace tank
	Refuel tank
Alarm raising	Any personnel involved or witnessing incident to report to immediate Site Manager and PIRMP actions to be implemented.
Emergency Controller	 Site Manager Call service provider (Site Manager) Spill Kit manager (Site Manager) Periodic inspections and update reporting of site and spill kits stocks (Site Manager)
Scale of incident	Incident would be restricted to bitumen storage area with minimal external impact due to substance viscosity. Soil contamination is unlikely, as the site is sealed.
Evacuate	Only if fire or explosion potential exists. Site Manager and any advice provided by Fire Dept. as part of attendance after immediate notification.
Communications	Internal:
Rescuer / respondent + safety checks	As per Site Emergency Plan or Fire Department as part of Immediate Reporting
Rescue + First Aid	As per Site Emergency Plan or Fire Department as part of Immediate Reporting
Clean up and Waste disposal	Service Provider to dispose of bitumen and advise on required clean-up.
Reporting and preparedness	See SOPs: • Incident Notification SOP (GRP-HSEQ-3-02)

Incident #2	Loss of product due to filling from bitumen tanks that could result in material
meiaent 2	harm to the environment or human health.
	Actions Required:
	Shutdown of processes and equipment associated with the spill if safe to
	do so
	Activation of any associated storm water shut-off valves to isolate
	 Contact all relevant people/department (refer to Immediate Reporting Contact Sheet)
	Ensure bunds are capturing full volume of emulsion
	Ensure bund integrity is sound throughout the entire period of incident
	(i.e. periodic inspections)
	Contact service provider (Caltex No. 1800033111 or Transpacific 02
	96007185) to pump-out bund contents
	Area to be restricted to Incident Response Personnel
	Ensure spill kit is available for any release from bund
	 If any release from bund onto unsealed soil/surface water,
	Environmental Consultants are to be engaged to investigate and
	remediate contamination.
	Repair/replace tank
	Refuel tank
	Inspect bund for ongoing serviceability
Alarm raising	Any personnel involved or witnessing incident to report to immediate supervisor
	and PIRMP actions to be implemented.
Emergency Controller	Site Manager
	Call service provider (Site Manager)
	Spill Kit manager (Supervisor)
	Periodic inspections and update reporting of site and bund (Site
	Manager)
Scale of incident	Incident would be restricted to bitumen storage area with minimal external
	impact due to substance viscosity. Soil contamination is unlikely, as the site is sealed.
Foreste	
Evacuate	Only if fire or explosion potential exists. Site Manager and any advice provided by Fire Dept. as part of attendance after immediate notification.
Communications	Internal:
Communications	Site Manager
	WHS Business Partner or Enviro Manager
	External mandatory:
AA	Immediate Reporting Contact Sheet to be used
	External non-mandatory: N/A
Rescuer / respondent +	As per Site Emergency Plan or Fire Department as part of Immediate Reporting
safety checks	The state of the s
Rescue + First Aid	As per Site Emergency Plan or Fire Department as part of Immediate Reporting
Clean up and Waste	Service Provider to dispose of bitumen and advise on required clean-up.
disposal	Service Frevider to dispose of bitalinen and advise of required deaff-up.
• /	Son SODe:
Reporting and	See SOPs:
preparedness	 Incident Notification SOP (GRP-HSEQ-3-02)

	T.,
Incident #3,	Uncontrolled loss of Diesel or other hydrocarbon products, sediment laden
meiaciic 3,	water or packaged goods that could result in material harm to the environment
#5 and #6	or human health.
Jana 0	Actions Required:
	Shutdown of processes and equipment associated with the spill if safe to do so
	 Activation of any associated storm water shut-off valves to isolate
	Contact all relevant people/department (refer to Immediate Reporting)
	Contact sheet)
	Ensure bunds and/or spill trays are capturing full volume of oil/solvents
	Ensure bund integrity is sound throughout the entire period of incident
	(i.e. periodic inspections)
	Prevent any material leaving site or entering the stormwater system
	Contact service provider (Caltex No. 1800033111or Transpacific 02
	96007185) to pump-out bund contents
	Area to be restricted to Incident Response Personnel
	Ensure spill kit available for any release from bund
	Inspect bund for ongoing serviceability
Alarm raising	Any personnel involved or witnessing incident to report to immediate supervisor
_	and PIRMP actions to be implemented.
Emergency Controller	Site Manager
	Call service provider (Site Manager)
	Spill Kit manager (Supervisor)
	 Periodic inspections and update reporting of site and bund (Site
	Manager)
Scale of incident	Incident would be restricted to immediate area with minimal external impact.
	However, potential for bund overflow or failure may result in soil and surface
_	water contamination that will require specialist investigation/remediation.
Evacuate	Only if fire or explosion potential exists. Site Manager and any advice provided by
Communications	Fire Dept. as part of attendance after immediate notification. Internal:
Communications	Site Manager
	HSE Representative
	External mandatory:
	Immediate Reporting Contact Sheet to be used
	External non-mandatory: N/A
Rescuer / respondent +	As per Site Emergency Plan or Fire Department as part of Immediate Reporting
safety checks	1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Rescue + First Aid	As per Site Emergency Plan or Fire Department as part of Immediate Reporting
Clean up and	Service Provider to dispose of diesel, oil, grease and advise on required clean-up.
Waste disposal	april 1 april
Reporting and re-	See SOPs:
preparedness	Incident Notification SOP (GRP-HSEQ-3-02)
prepareuress	1 1024 0 027

Incident #4	 Excessive airborne dust causing material harm to the environment or significant impact to community Actions Required: If crushing or surface dust from mobile plant is causing significant dust emissions that is leaving site and is likely to cause material harm to the environment or significant impacts to the community, operation shall cease Employees, Contractor/Visitor to notify site representative of issue immediately Contact all relevant people/department (refer to Immediate Reporting Contact Sheet) Dust suppression activity to commence immediately at the source of the dust, if it has not been previously Daily monitoring to be undertaken to assess weather and site conditions
Alawa waisiw -	Any personnel involved or with essing incident to heart to its de dieta any its
Alarm raising	Any personnel involved or witnessing incident to report to immediate supervisor and PIRMP actions to be implemented.
Emergency Controller	Site Manager
	Call service provider (Site Manager)
	Spill Kit manager (Supervisor)
	 Periodic inspections and update reporting of site and bund (Site
	Manager)
Scale of incident	Incident would be localised to the area surrounding stockpile area, with minimal
	external impact.
Evacuate	Only if fire or explosion potential exists. Site Manager and any advice provided by
	Fire Dept. as part of attendance after immediate notification.
Communications	Internal:
	Site Manager
	HSE Representative
	(_) .)
	External mandatory:
	Immediate Reporting Contact Sheet to be used External non-mandatory, N/A
Pascuar / respondent	External non-mandatory: N/A As per Site Emergency Plan or Fire Department as part of Immediate Reporting
Rescuer / respondent + safety checks	As per Site Emergency Plan or Fire Department as part of Immediate Reporting
salety theths	
Rescue + First Aid	As per Site Emergency Plan or Fire Department as part of Immediate Reporting
Clean up and Waste disposal	Service Provider to advise on required clean-up for dust impacts off-site.
Reporting and re-	See SOPs:
preparedness	Incident Notification SOP (GRP-HSEQ-3-02)

14. POLLUTION INCIDENT NOTIFICATION LOG

Person undertaking (Name/Function):	notification				
Date and time wher incident:	n first become aw	are of the			
Incident type:					
Comments:					
Initial immediate no	otification log				
Appropriate Regulatory Authority	Time of call	Respond name/fur	ent's nction	Approximate call duration	Comments
EPA					
Public Health Unit					
Fire and Rescue NSW					
Local Council					
WorkCover					
Other:					
Other:					
Summary of initial c	ommunication:				

15. IMMEDIATE NOTIFICATION SHEET SUMMARY

Table 7 - Internal Reporting List

Name	Function	Phone Number	Mobile Number
Simon White	Site Supervisor		
Craig Stafford	HS Business Partner		
Greg Johnson	Senior Environmental Business Partner		
Ben Williams	Environmental Business Partner		

Whilst personal contact details for the following are available in the PIRMP Controlled Version they do not appear in this public document

Table 8 - External Reporting List

Government Authority - compulsory notifications	Emergency notification phone number
EPA – Environment Line	131 555
Fire and Rescue NSW (FRNSW)	1300 729 579
Newcastle City Council	4974 2000
Public Health Unit (Hunter) – Hunter New England Health	HealthLink (24 hr.)- 1800 063 635 Head Office- Newcastle- 02 4921 3000
SafeWork NSW	13 10 50 Company ABN if asked: 51 000 187 002
Government Authority - ring if relevant	Emergency notification phone number
Government Authority - ring if relevant Police & Ambulance	Emergency notification phone number
Police & Ambulance	000
Police & Ambulance Roads and Maritime Services (road spills)	000 132 701
Police & Ambulance Roads and Maritime Services (road spills) NSW Natural Resources Access Regulator	000 132 701 1800 633 362