Section 1 - Identification of The Material and Supplier

Chemical nature: Hardwood timber boards for cladding - Treated with permethrin or ACQ (see below).
Trade Name: Cladding and Lining board Products - Treated
Other Names: Species included in this SDS are: Blue Gum, Red Mahogany, Spotted Gum, Tallowwood, Diehard Stringybark, Viminalis, New England Blackbutt (NEB), Peppermint, Grey Box, Round Leaf Gum, Australian Beech.
Product Use: Used in the preparation of timber clad structures.
Creation Date: January, 2012
This version issued: April, 2017 and is valid for 5 years from this date.
Poisons Information Centre: Phone 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

Statement of Hazardous Nature
This product is classified as: Not classified as hazardous according to the criteria of SWA.
Not a Dangerous Good according to Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, IATA and IMDG/IMSBC criteria.
SUSMP Classification: None allocated.
ADG Classification: None allocated. Not a Dangerous Good under the ADG Code.
UN Number: None allocated
GHS Signal word: NONE. Not hazardous.

PREVENTION
P262: Do not get in eyes.
P281: Use personal protective equipment as required.

RESPONSE
P353: Rinse skin or shower with water.
P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P370+P378: In case of fire, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water fog.

STORAGE
P402: Store in a dry place.

DISPOSAL
P501: If they can not be recycled or incinerated, dispose of contents to an approved waste disposal plant and containers to landfill (see Section 13 of this SDS).

Emergency Overview

Physical Description & Colour: Sawn and treated timber boards for cladding.
Odour: Mild odour when new.
Major Health Hazards: no significant risk factors have been found for this product.

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredients</th>
<th>CAS No</th>
<th>Conc,%</th>
<th>TWA (mg/m³)</th>
<th>STEL (mg/m³)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australian hardwood cladding boards</td>
<td>not set</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>not set</td>
<td>not set</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Minor quantities of other non hazardous ingredients are also possible.

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equalled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak " is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.
Section 4 - First Aid Measures

General Information:
You should call The Poisons Information Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia (0800 764 766 in New Zealand) and is available at all times. Have this SDS with you when you call.

Inhalation: First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Skin Contact: Gently brush away excess solids. Irritation is unlikely. However, if irritation does occur, flush with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until chemical is removed.

Eye Contact: Quickly and gently brush particles from eyes. Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water until the particles are removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists, or if particles are lodged in surface of the eye(s). Take special care if exposed person is wearing contact lenses.

Ingestion: If product is swallowed or gets in mouth, do NOT induce vomiting; wash mouth with water and give some water to drink. If symptoms develop, or if in doubt contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Fire and Explosion Hazards: There is little risk of an explosion from this product if commercial quantities are involved in a fire. Fire decomposition products from this product may be toxic if inhaled. Take appropriate protective measures.

Extinguishing Media: Suitable extinguishing media are carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water fog.

Fire Fighting: If a significant quantity of this product is involved in a fire, call the fire brigade.

Flash point:

Upper Flammability Limit:

Lower Flammability Limit:

Autoignition temperature:

Flammability Class:

Combustible solid.

No data.

No data.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Accidental release: Minor spills do not normally need any special cleanup measures. In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. As a minimum, wear overalls, goggles and gloves. Suitable materials for protective clothing include cotton, rubber, PVC. Eye/face protective equipment should comprise as a minimum, protective glasses and, preferably, goggles. If there is a significant chance that dusts are likely to build up in cleanup area, we recommend that you use a suitable Dust Mask.

Stop leak if safe to do so, and contain spill. Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling or salvage, and dispose of promptly. Consider vacuuming if appropriate. Recycle containers wherever possible after careful cleaning. After spills, wash area preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Ensure legality of disposal by consulting regulations prior to disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Keep exposure to this product to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Check Section 8 of this SDS for details of personal protective measures, and make sure that those measures are followed. The measures detailed below under "Storage" should be followed during handling in order to minimise risks to persons using the product in the workplace. Also, avoid contact or contamination of product with incompatible materials listed in Section 10.

Storage: Keep containers dry and away from water. Make sure that the product does not come into contact with substances listed under "Incompatibilities" in Section 10. Check packaging - there may be further storage instructions on the label.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

The following Australian Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment:


SWA Exposure Limits: TWA (mg/m³) STEL (mg/m³)

Exposure limits have not been established by SWA for this product.
No special equipment is usually needed when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems. **Ventilation:** No special ventilation requirements are normally necessary for this product. However make sure that the work environment remains clean and that dusts are minimised. **Eye Protection:** Eye protection is not normally necessary when this product is being used. However, if in doubt, wear suitable protective glasses or goggles. **Skin Protection:** The information at hand indicates that this product is not harmful and that normally no special skin protection is necessary. However, we suggest that you routinely avoid contact with all chemical products and that you wear suitable gloves (preferably elbow-length) when skin contact is likely. **Protective Material Types:** We suggest that protective clothing be made from the following materials: cotton, rubber, PVC. **Respirator:** If there is a significant chance that dusts are likely to build up in the area where this product is being used, we recommend that you use a suitable Dust Mask. Safety deluge showers should, if practical, be provided near to where this product is being used.

### Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical Description &amp; colour:</th>
<th>Sawn and treated timber boards for cladding.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Odour:</td>
<td>Mild odour when new.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point:</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing/Melting Point:</td>
<td>Decomposes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volatiles:</td>
<td>Dried to Australian Standards approximately (9% - 14%) moisture content.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Pressure:</td>
<td>Nil at normal ambient temperatures.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Density:</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity:</td>
<td>No data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Solubility:</td>
<td>Insoluble.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH:</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volatility:</td>
<td>Nil at normal ambient temperatures.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold:</td>
<td>No data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate:</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coeff Oil/water Distribution:</td>
<td>No data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity:</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition temp:</td>
<td>No data.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity:** This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the supplier for advice on shelf life properties. **Conditions to Avoid:** Containers should be kept dry. **Incompatibilities:** water, acids, bases, strong oxidising agents. **Fire Decomposition:** Combustion forms carbon dioxide, and if incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water is also formed. Other minor pyrolysis products. Carbon monoxide poisoning produces headache, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and unconsciousness followed by coma and death. **Polymerisation:** This product will not undergo polymerisation reactions.

### Section 11 - Toxicological Information

**Local Effects:**

| Target Organs: | There is no data to hand indicating any particular target organs. |

**Skin irritation and skin sensitisation**

Skin irritation can be caused by contact with the wood itself, dust, bark, sap or lichens growing on the bark. Symptoms subside once the irritant is removed. The Australian native timber *Eucalyptus hemiphloia* (grey box) and *Eucalyptus maculata* (spotted gum) are known to cause skin irritation not only by contact, but also by proximity. Sensitization dermatitis is usually caused by exposure to the fine dust from certain wood species. This exposure produces symptoms similar to skin irritation. Once sensitized, the body sets up an allergic reaction, and will react severely when exposed even to a small amount of wood dust. For more information see table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Reported wood dust allergies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blue Gum (<em>Eucalyptus saligna</em>)</td>
<td>Nasal and throat irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Spotted Gum (*E. maculata*)
- Skin and nasal irritation, sinus problems

### Tallowwood (*E. microcorys*)
- Nasal and skin irritation

### White Top Box (*E. quadrangulata*)
- Nasal irritation

### Grey Box (*E. hemiphloia*)
- Skin irritation

### South Australian Blue Gum (*E. leucoxylon*)
- Nasal irritation, rhinorrhea

### Brush Box (*Tristania conferata*)
- Nasal irritation, frequent headache, sinus problems, slight fever, clammy skin

### Blackwood (*Acacia melanoxylon*)
- Dermatitis, asthma

### Red Bean (*Dysoxylon muelleri*)
- Eczema, irritation of mucous membrane

### Eastern White Cedar (*Thuja occidentalis*)
- Asthma


**TREATED TIMBER**: may contain copper in the form of ACQ (Alkaline Copper Quaternary) which has been approved by the Australian Pesticide and Veterinary Medicines Authority as a general use wood preservative for softwoods or hardwoods. Freshly treated ACQ Treated Timber is green in colour, and weathers to a warm brown colour over several months. ACQ is not harmful to health, however these products should not be burned in a domestic wood burning stove or on a barbeque.

### Classification of Hazardous Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Risk Phrases</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No ingredient mentioned in the HSIS Database is present in this product at hazardous concentrations.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Potential Health Effects

Treated; may contain copper in the form of ACQ (Alkaline Copper Quaternary) which has been approved by the Australian Pesticide and Veterinary Medicines Authority as a general use wood preservative for softwoods or hardwoods. Freshly treated ACQ Treated Timber is green in colour, and weathers to a warm brown colour over several months. ACQ is not harmful to health, however these products should not be burned in a domestic wood burning stove or on a barbeque.

See Section 11 for information on Skin irritation and skin sensitisation to Australian timbers.

**Inhalation:**
- **Short Term Exposure**: Available data indicates that this product is not harmful. In addition product is unlikely to cause any discomfort or irritation.
- **Long Term Exposure**: No data for health effects associated with long term inhalation.

**Skin Contact:**
- **Short Term Exposure**: Available data indicates that this product is not harmful. It should present no hazards in normal use. However product may be mildly irritating, but is unlikely to cause anything more than mild discomfort which should disappear once contact ceases.
- **Long Term Exposure**: No data for health effects associated with long term skin exposure.

**Eye Contact:**
- **Short Term Exposure**: This product is likely to be mechanically irritating. If exposure is minor or brief, no long term effects should result. However, if material is not removed promptly, scratches to surface of the eye may result with long term consequences.
- **Long Term Exposure**: No data for health effects associated with long term eye exposure.

**Ingestion:**
- **Short Term Exposure**: Significant oral exposure is considered to be unlikely. However, this product may be mildly irritating to mucous membranes but is unlikely to cause anything more than mild transient discomfort.
- **Long Term Exposure**: No data for health effects associated with long term ingestion.
Carcinogen Status:
SWA: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by SWA.
NTP: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.
IARC: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

Section 12 - Ecological Information
This product is biodegradable. It will not accumulate in the soil or water or cause long term problems. Expected to not be an environmental hazard.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations
Disposal: This product may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to reclaim the product by filtration, distillation or some other means. If neither of these options is suitable, consider controlled incineration, or landfill.
These products should not be burned in a domestic wood burning stove or on a barbeque as they may contain copper compounds.

Section 14 - Transport Information
UN Number: This product is not classified as a Dangerous Good by ADG, IATA or IMDG/IMSBC criteria. No special transport conditions are necessary unless required by other regulations.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information
AICS: This product is compliant with NICNAS regulations.

Section 16 - Other Information
This SDS contains only safety-related information. For other data see product literature.

Acronyms:
ADG Code Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7th edition)
AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
SWA Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and NOHSC
CAS number Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
NOS Not otherwise specified
NTP National Toxicology Program (USA)
R-Phrase Risk Phrase
SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons
UN Number United Nations Number

This SDS summarises our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product and how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace. Each user must review this SDS in the context of how the product will be handled and used in the workplace.
If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate risk assessment can be made, the user should contact this company so we can attempt to obtain additional information from our suppliers.
Our responsibility for products sold is subject to our standard terms and conditions, a copy of which is sent to our customers and is also available on request.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.
This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document “Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice” (Feb 2016)
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