

28 August 2020

Boral's full year results reflect challenging market conditions

### Agenda



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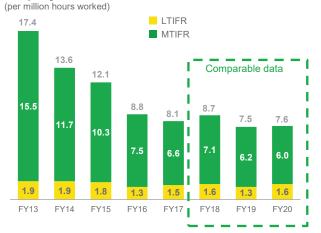


Commentary throughout this presentation, unless otherwise stated, is based on earnings from continuing operations excluding the impact of the new IFRS leasing standard (AASB 16) and compared to the prior year. In addition, FY2019 comparative figures have been restated – see Note 1d of the preliminary final report for further details.

## Safety performance

Company-wide commitment to Zero Harm Today

#### Employee and contractor RIFR<sup>1</sup>



- · Safety steady with a recordable injury frequency rate (RIFR) of 7.6
- Safety step-change program
- Measures to help manage the risk of spreading COVID-19 have been a key priority:
  - Strict hygiene and cleaning protocols
  - Social distancing and PPE
  - Quarantine protocols
  - Tracking suspected and actual cases
  - Wellbeing & support programs
  - 48 current cases among Boral employees and 240 recovered<sup>2</sup>, mainly in the USA and in geographies where community transmissions are higher; sadly two employee deaths in the USA due to COVID-19 complications

Recordable Injury Frequency Rate (RIFR) per million hours worked is made up of Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR) and Medical Treatment Injury Rate (MTIFR). Includes employees and contractors in all businesses and all joint ventures regardless of equity interest from FY2018. Prior years include 100%-owned businesses and 50%-owned joint venture operations only
 As at 24 August 2020

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### FY2020 snapshot

A\$m	FY2020 Reported	<b>FY2020</b> <sup>2</sup> pre-AASB16	FY2019 <sup>3</sup>	<b>FY20 v FY19</b> pre-AASB16, <b>%</b>
Continuing operations basis				
Revenue	5,671	5,671	5,738	(1)
EBITDA <sup>1</sup>	825	715	1,005	(29)
Total operations				
Revenue	5,728	5,728	5,861	(2)
EBITDA <sup>1</sup>	821	710	1,010	(30)
Net Profit after tax (NPAT) <sup>1</sup>	177	181	419	(57)
Statutory NPAT	(1,139)	(1,135)	251	
Cash flow from operating activities	631	537	762	(30)
EPS <sup>1</sup> (cents)	14.8	15.2	35.7	(57)
Dividend (cents)	9.5	9.5	26.5	(64)

Excluding significant items Excluding the impact of the new leasing standard (AASB 16) in order to provide a more comparable basis for analysis with the prior year FY2019 comparative figures have been restated - see Note 1d of the preliminary final report for further details.





### **COVID-19** impacts

Continued to operate with strict hygiene measures and significant disruption

Uncertainty led to focus on cash generation - curtailment of production, capex and discretionary spend



- · Production curtailed temporary shuts / shift reductions:
  - Wyee roof tile plant 3-month shut
  - Quarry production restricted at several key locations in Q4
  - Extended Easter shuts in Timber
  - Berrima kiln 3-week shut in June
- Higher costs due to lower production and direct COVID costs (including leave accruals)
- · Geelong project delayed 6 months



- >225 orders / government mandates
- ~80% of plants impacted by closures; production curtailments; re-tooling, cleaning or absenteeism
- ~28% of employees furloughed for average of 4 weeks
- Fly Ash operating but supply lower
- . Higher costs due to lower production and direct COVID costs
- Kirkland pozzolan plant capital project • and Houston Windows plant delayed



- Allowed to supply in most countries but significant demand declines
- Government mandates impacted:
  - Production/sales in China (Jan-Feb), India (Apr-May), Malaysia (Mar-May), Vietnam (Mar-Apr)
  - Sales & distribution in Singapore (Apr-May), Philippines (Apr-Jun) & NZ (Mar)
- · Production slowed more broadly to reduce inventory increasing costs plus wage payments through shuts

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### **Responding to COVID-19**

Targeted area	Actions	Outcomes / financial impacts
Maintain customer supply	<ul> <li>Adjusted for new safety protocols</li> <li>Maintained supply including shipping further distances as required</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ Number of staff and customers impacted contained</li> <li>— Higher costs due to PPE, cleaning, legal, leave:</li> <li>\$8m Australia, \$3m North America</li> </ul>
Maximise cash flows	<ul> <li>Shut plants / reduced shifts to avoid building inventory</li> <li>Reduced capex to \$346m</li> <li>Reduced discretionary spend</li> <li>Rigorously managed working capital</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inventories reduced: \$108m cash inflow</li> <li>Receivables reduced: \$77m cash inflow</li> <li>Creditors reduced: \$144m cash outflow</li> <li>Net debt stable at \$2.197b (FY19 \$2.193b)</li> <li>Net gearing excluding impairment of ~27.5% (pre-AASB16) up slightly from 27.3% in FY19</li> <li>Adverse earnings impact from lower production: \$28m Australia, A\$22m North America, \$10m USG Boral<sup>1</sup></li> </ul>
Strengthen / protect liquidity	<ul> <li>Refinanced US debt + additional liquidity</li> <li>Reactivated DRP – underwritten interim dividend</li> <li>No final dividend</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased liquidity from \$1.3b to nearly \$1.7b (\$904m in cash)</li> <li>Weighted average debt maturity from 4.5 to 4.7 years</li> <li>\$23m higher interest costs (due to AASB16 and increased borrowings)</li> <li>Net debt/EBITDA leverage of 3.1x (pre-AASB16)</li> </ul>

\$10m is the earnings impact from lower production for the underlying USG Boral busine

### Non-cash impairment charges

#### Boral has recognised a non-cash, pre-tax impairment charge of \$1,346m:

- \$1,223m relates to assets within Boral North America including goodwill, intangible assets & investment in Meridian Brick
- \$123m relates to Boral Australia including construction materials businesses in Western Australia and the Northern Territory, and certain assets in building products (mainly Timber)

Carrying value assessments take into account:

In North America	In Australia
<b>Increased demand uncertainty</b> impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic and potential longer-term impacts of prevailing economic and operating	<ul> <li>the significant decline in housing, particularly in NSW</li> </ul>
conditions, together with <b>recent performance</b> , reflected through:	<ul> <li>low levels of construction activity in WA/NT</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>forecast housing starts from 1.5 to 1.3m (~avg. of past 30 years)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>slower pace of infrastructure</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>moderated fly ash volume assumptions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>the impact of recent bushfires on the</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>a lower terminal growth rate from 2.5% to 2.0%</li> </ul>	Timber business
<ul> <li>~0.5% increased after tax discount rate to reflect market / delivery risk</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>uncertainty around extent/timing of recovery</li> </ul>

Impairment charges are non-cash and Boral's liquidity remains strong and after the impairment significant headroom remains under Boral's covenants with its lenders

### FY2020 divisional and group results

Ros Ng - Group President Ventures and CFO







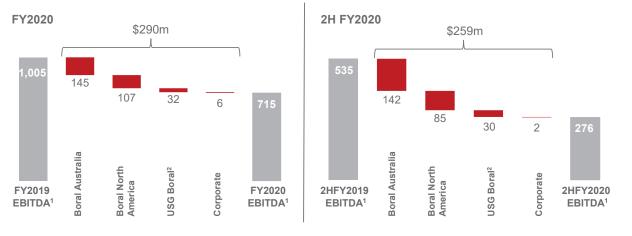


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### **EBITDA** decline skewed to 2H

(for continuing operations, pre-AASB16)

EBITDA<sup>1</sup> variance, A\$m



Excluding significant items and discontinued businesses, and excluding the impact of the new IFRS leasing standard (AASB 16) on FY2020 EBITDA. Reported continuing EBITDA including the new leasing standard for FY2020 is \$825m. FY2019 comparative EBITDA is restated - see Note 1d of the preliminary final report for further details. Represents Boral's 50% post-tax equity accounted income from USG Boral JV 1.

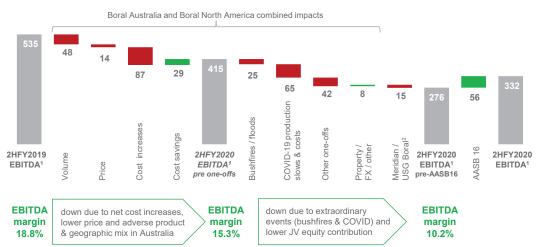
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### EBITDA second half analysis (continuing operations, pre-AASB16)

2H FY2020 EBITDA1 variance, A\$m

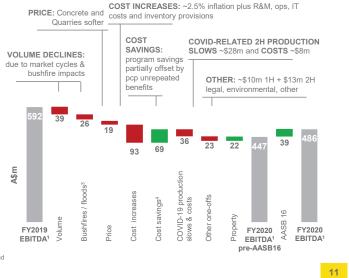


Excluding significant items and discontinued businesses, and excluding the impact of AASB 16 on 2HFY2020 EBITDA. 2HFY2019 EBITDA is restated.
 Represents Boral's 50% post-tax equity accounted income from Meridian Brick and USG Boral JVs



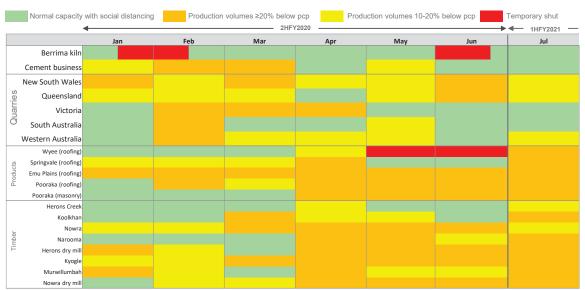
### Boral Australia FY2020

Continuing operations A\$m	FY2020	FY2019	Var, %
Revenue	3,336	3,511	(5)
EBITDA <sup>1</sup>	486	592	
EBITDA <sup>1</sup> pre-AASB16	447	592	(25)
EBITDA <sup>1</sup> ROS pre-AASB16	13.4%	16.9%	
EBIT <sup>1</sup>	229	385	
EBIT <sup>1</sup> pre-AASB16	225	385	(42)
EBIT <sup>1</sup> ROS pre-AASB16	6.8%	11.0%	
ROFE <sup>1,2</sup> pre-AASB16	9.5%	15.7%	
Property	55	33	
EBITDA <sup>1</sup> excl. Property pre-AASB16	392	559	(30)
EBITDA <sup>1</sup> ex Property ROS pre-AASB16	11.7%	16.0%	
Net Assets pre-AASB16	2,363	2,457	



Excluding significant items Divisional ROFE based on EBIT before significant items on divisional funds employed at year end Includes volume impacts and \$4m of direct bushfire impacts Cost savings of \$69m is net of one off benefits in the prior year 2. 3. 4.

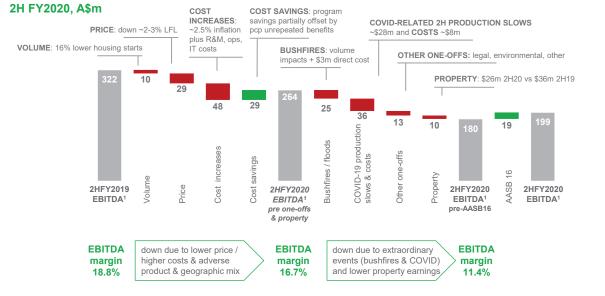




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### Boral Australia second half analysis (continuing operations)



1. Excluding significant items

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### Boral Australia responding to the challenges

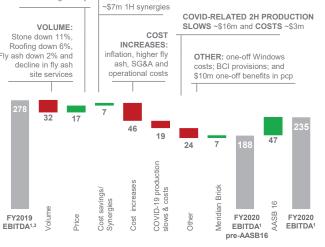
Challenge / area	FY20 progress / outcomes	FY21 priorities / focus
Respond to COVID & maintain supply	<ul><li>Safely supplied customers</li><li>Continued to flex production</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Continue to safely supply and flex production</li> <li>Manage through Vic Stage 4 lockdown</li> <li>Prepared for ongoing impacts during FY21</li> </ul>
Maximise cash flows	<ul> <li>Shut plants, reduced shifts, delayed capex</li> <li>\$36m higher costs / lower fixed cost recoveries</li> <li>Working capital actions of \$96m in 2H</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Enhance customer experience</li><li>Innovative materials solutions</li><li>Continue to secure supply to major projects</li></ul>
Declining volumes	Housing downturn, bushfires and mix shift	Maintain strong market position in declining market
Margins pressure	<ul> <li>Inflation ~2-3%, 2H LFL prices down 2-3%</li> <li>Delivered \$99m of gross savings from improvement programs in FY20</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rightsizing (further 250 headcount reduction announced) and operational improvements</li> <li>Reduce fixed costs / SG&amp;A to reflect market declines</li> <li>Benefits from quarry, cement, network investments</li> <li>Supply chain capabilities to improve customer service and lower costs</li> </ul>
Operational performance	<ul> <li>Planned and unplanned outages at Berrima and Peppertree</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Issues addressed, improved maintenance with fewer outages expected</li> </ul>

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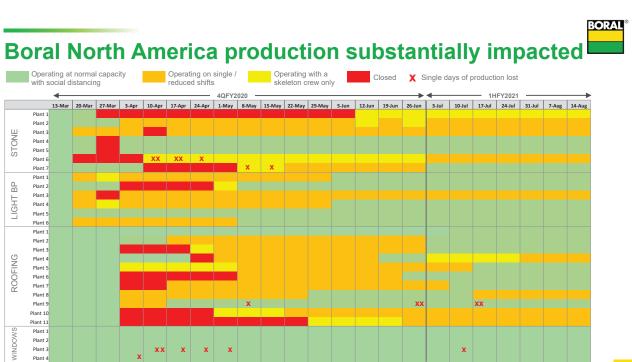
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### **Boral North America**

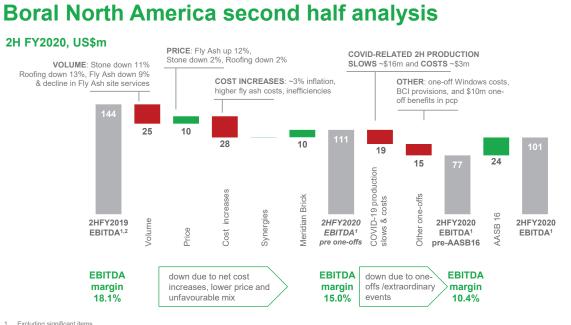
continuing operations A\$m	FY2020	FY2019 <sup>3</sup>	Var, %		Fly Ash & Roofing		cos	T SAVI		
Revenue	2,336	2,227	5				- ~\$7r	n 1H sy	nergies	CO\
EBITDA <sup>1</sup>	350	388		Ston	VOLU e down 1				COST	SLO
EBITDA <sup>1</sup> pre-AASB16	281	388	(28)	Roofi	ng down	6%,	infle	INCRE ation, hig		
EBIT <sup>1</sup> pre-AASB16	113	225	(50)		line in fly	ash	a	ish, SG	&A and	0
Net Assets pre-AASB16	3,189	4,500			site serv	ices	op _	erationa	COSIS	\$
US\$m	FY2020	FY2019 <sup>3</sup>	Var%					_		
Revenue	1,566	1,592	(2)	278	32	17	7			
EBITDA <sup>1</sup> pre-AASB16	188	278	(32)	_				46	19	
EBITDA <sup>1</sup> ROS pre-AASB16	12.0%	17.5%		US\$m						24
EBIT <sup>1</sup> pre-AASB16	76	161	(53)	ŝ					ction	
EBIT <sup>1</sup> ROS pre-AASB16	4.8%	10.1%		_			/s/	Ses	products	
ROFE <sup>1,2</sup> pre-AASB16	3.4%	5.1%		FY201	ame 9	Ð	st savings/ nergies	st increases	VID-19 production vs & costs	ler



Excluding significant items Divisional ROFE based on EBIT before significant items on divisional funds employed at year end FY19 comparative figures have been restated refer Note 1d of preliminary final report for futher details 2. 3.



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Excluding significant items
 FY2019 comparative figures have been restated - see Note 1d of the preliminary final report for further details

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### **Boral North America responding to the challenges**

Challenge / area	FY20 progress / outcomes	FY21 focus / priorities
Respond to COVID, maintain supply, maximise cash flows	<ul> <li>Shuts plus slowed production to reduce inventories, ~1400 employees furloughed</li> <li>Reduced capex by US\$44m</li> <li>Inventories reduced by US\$48m</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safely supply customers while flexing production</li> <li>Manage COVID-related absenteeism</li> <li>Inventory growth to match sales recovery</li> </ul>
Stone performance including volumes	<ul><li>Stone Q3 volume improved prior to COVID</li><li>Improvements in Stonecraft plant at end FY20</li></ul>	<ul> <li>New products to market; share recovery program; restructured sales organisation; brand strategy</li> </ul>
Roofing operational improvements	<ul> <li>Florida plants underperformed – OEE, quality and waste improvements Dec-Mar</li> <li>Final product rationalisation at Okeechobee</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased available product via plant improvements</li> <li>Targeted OEE &amp; quality improvement programs; improvements at end of FY20 to deliver benefits</li> </ul>
Building products margins	<ul> <li>Targeted share recovery program in Meridian Brick delivered benefits</li> <li>Unfavourable volume mix, COVID-related impacts and other cost increases</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Share recovery plans: Stone, Roofing, Meridian</li> <li>Roofing, Stone and LBP price increases taking into account cost inflation</li> <li>Structured procurement initiatives</li> </ul>
Fly ash supply and margins	<ul> <li>Strong price outcomes in Fly Ash</li> <li>Supply availability down due to COVID</li> <li>Secured new contracts to offset closures</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Grow volumes: network optimisation; harvesting and imports; Kirkland pozzolan due June 2021</li> </ul>

### USG Boral FY2020

A\$m	FY2020	FY2019	Var, %
Reported result			
Equity income <sup>1,2</sup>	25	57	(56)
Underlying result			
Revenue	1,474	1,606	(8)
EBITDA <sup>2</sup>	217	252	
EBITDA <sup>2</sup> pre-AASB16	190	252	(25)
EBITDA <sup>2</sup> ROS pre-AASB16	12.9%	15.7%	
EBIT <sup>2</sup>	107	168	
EBIT <sup>2</sup> pre-AASB16	107	168	(36)
EBIT <sup>2</sup> ROS pre-AASB16	7.3%	10.5%	
ROFE <sup>2,3</sup> pre-AASB16	5.2%	8.1%	
Net Assets pre-AASB16	2,070	2,082	_

Post-tax equity income from Boral's 50% share of USG Boral JV Excluding significant items Divisional ROFE is underlying EBIT before significant items on divisional funds employed at year end 1. 2. 3.



## USG Boral production has also been impacted

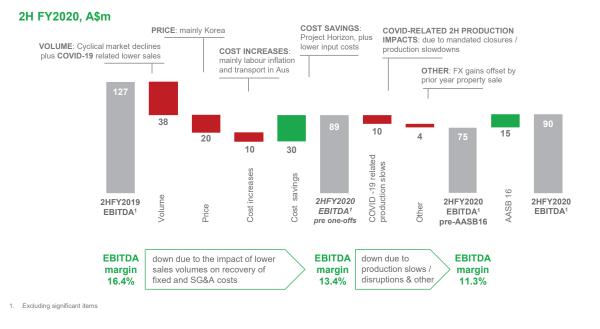
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### **USG Boral second half analysis**





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### **USG Boral responding to the challenges**

Challenge / area	FY20 progress / outcomes	FY21 focus / priorities
Respond to COVID, maintain supply, maximise cash flow	<ul> <li>Mandated closures; safely supplied where allowed; with COVID-related volume &amp; production impacts</li> <li>Continued to pay wages in most countries; minimal government subsidies (NZ only)</li> <li>Inventories reduced by \$14m in FY20, payables and receivables well controlled</li> <li>Capex down by ~26% to \$82m in FY20</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reduced headcount by 133 in late FY20 and 1QFY21, benefiting FY21</li> <li>Match production to supply to avoid inventory builds; network flexibility to match conditions</li> <li>Conserve cash for future growth; capex limited to key deferred FY20 projects and critical SIB</li> </ul>
Lower market demand and costs	<ul> <li>Headcount reductions/restructuring: 205 in FY19 benefiting Q4FY19 and FY20 (Project Horizon)</li> <li>Reduced discretionary spend, lowered production; delivered \$53m of cost savings</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Procurement and operating efficiencies to offset raw material and energy inflation</li> <li>Strong cost control across fixed costs / SG&amp;A</li> <li>Improve fixed cost leverage as markets recover</li> </ul>
Market position and margins	<ul> <li>Maintain market position through mid-tier brands, preserve premium on top-tier brands</li> <li>Early benefits in China and Australia from customer segmentation program</li> <li>Contribution margins steady (variable costs down &amp; procurement gains)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Optimise customer and product mix through customer segmentation to improve margins</li> <li>Focus on strategic accounts</li> <li>Investments in digitisation and customer programs</li> </ul>

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## **Group financial performance**

Total operations basis A\$m (figures may not add due to rounding)	FY20201	FY2020 pre-AASB16 <sup>1,2</sup>	FY2019 <sup>3</sup>	Var % pre-AASB16
Revenue	5,728	5,728	5,861	(2)
EBITDA <sup>4</sup>	821	710	1,010	(30)
Depreciation and amortisation	429	330	316	
Amortisation of acquired intangibles	63	63	61	
EBIT <sup>4</sup>	329	317	632	(50)
Net interest	(126)	(109)	(103)	(6)
Tax <sup>4</sup>	(25)	(26)	(110)	
Net profit after tax <sup>4</sup>	177	181	419	(57)
Significant items (gross)	(1,404)	(1,404)	(193)	
Tax on significant items	88	88	25	
Statutory net profit after tax	(1,139)	(1,135)	251	
Net profit after tax and before amortisation (NPATA) <sup>4</sup>	224	228	464	(51)
Effective tax rate <sup>4</sup>	12.5%	12.5%	20.9%	

Refer to slides 73-74 for reconciliation to reported results and explanation of these items
 Excluding the impact of the new leasing standard (AASB 16) in order to provide a more comparable basis for analysis with the prior year
 FY2019 comparative figures have been restated. See Note 1d of preliminary final report for further details.
 Excluding significant items

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## Significant items

A\$m (figures may not add due to rounding)	FY2020
Asset impairments	
Boral North America – goodwill and intangible assets	(1,146)
Boral North America – investment in Meridian Brick JV	(77)
Boral Australia – WA & NT construction materials businesses and Timber & Roofing building products businesses	(123)
Restructuring costs	(36)
Joint venture matters	(13)
Integration costs	(9)
Expense before interest and tax	(1,404)
Income tax benefit	88
Significant items	(1,316)

Non-IFRS Information: Management has provided an analysis of significant items reported during the period. These items have been considered in relation to their size and nature and have been adjusted from the reported information to assist users to better understand the performance of the underlying businesses. These items are detailed in Note 2 of the preliminary final report and relate to amounts that are associated with significant business restructuring and integration, business acquisition or disposals, impairment or individual transactions

### **Cash flow**

<b>A\$m</b> (figures may not add due to rounding)	FY2020	FY2020 pre-AASB16 <sup>2</sup>	FY2019
EBITDA <sup>1</sup>	821	710	1,010
Change in working capital and other	41	41	(19)
Property development receivable	(30)	(30)	-
Share acquisition rights vested	(2)	(2)	(8)
Interest and tax (includes lease interest)	(152)	(135)	(149)
Equity earnings less dividends	(13)	(13)	(18)
Restructuring, transaction & integration costs	(34)	(34)	(54)
Operating cash flow	631	537	762
Repayment of lease principal	(98)	-	-
Capital expenditure	(346)	(350) <sup>3</sup>	(453)
Investments	0	0	(11)
Proceeds on disposal of assets	40	40	414
Free cash flow	227	227	712
Dividends paid	(158)	(158)	(317)
Other items	-	-	8
Cash flow	69	69	403

Free cash flow lower with minimal proceeds from asset disposals in FY20

- · Lower underlying business performance
- Strong cash flow from inventories reduction of \$108m in FY20
- Net working capital inflow of \$41m primarily resulting from lower inventories and debtors partially offset by a reduction in payables
- · Reduction in capital expenditure of \$107m in FY20 (post-AASB16)

Excluding significant items

Excluding the impact of the new leasing standard (AASB 16) to provide a more comparable basis for analysis with the prior year Capex includes assets acquired through lease purchase options

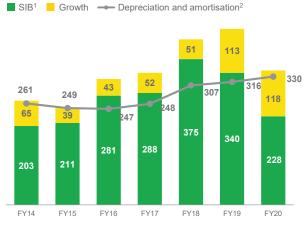
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### **Capital expenditure**

Disciplined approach to capital management



**Total capital expenditure** 

#### Total capex declined 24% to \$346m

~70% invested in Boral Australia

- Clinker grinding facility at Port of Geelong (Vic)

~30% invested in Boral North America

- Windows manufacturing plant in Houston
- · Excluding the impact of leasing, depreciation and amortisation for FY2020 is \$330m
- Reported FY2020 depreciation and amortisation of \$429m includes leasing related depreciation of \$99m

Stav in business capital expenditure

Excludes amortisation of acquired intangibles and excludes the impact of AASB16 in FY20

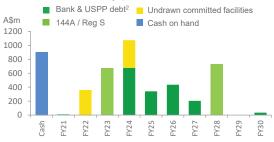
### **Balance sheet**

Strong liquidity

Gearing (net debt / net debt + equity), %



#### Bank debt maturity profile



- Net debt of \$2.197b<sup>3</sup> at FY20, in line with FY19
- Liquidity of A\$1.7bn through extended and refinanced debt. Weighted average debt facility maturity is 4.7 years
- No final dividend
- Investment grade credit rating BBB/Baa2 (negative outlook) •
- Principal debt gearing covenant<sup>4</sup> of 41%, up from 30%<sup>5</sup> at Jun-19 . (threshold <60%) due to impairment (~6% impact) and cash drawn (~5% impact)
- Tangible net worth covenant >\$1.75b, \$2.3b post impairment •
- EBITDA/net debt leverage of 3.1x, excluding AASB16 impact •

Net debt reconciliation <sup>3</sup> , A\$m	FY2020 <sup>3</sup>
Opening balance	(2,193)
Cash flow	69
Non cash (FX)	(73)
Closing balance	(2,197)

Represents the impact of the new IFRS leasing standard AASB 16 Consists of bilateral bank debt and US Private Placement notes Excludes \$383 million of lease liabilities Gross debt / (gross debt + equity) excluding lease liabilities Restated FY2019

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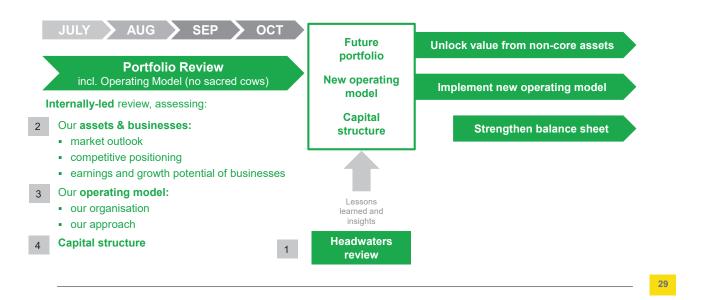
### Portfolio review, first impressions, priorities & outlook

Zlatko Todorcevski - CEO & Managing Director





### Reviewing Boral's Portfolio, re-setting the Operating Model and determining the appropriate Capital Structure





- 1 Headwaters Review examples of findings and insights
- 2 Our Operating Model

Our Organisation

Our Approach

- 3 Our Assets and Businesses
- 4 Capital Structure



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#### **BORAL**<sup>®</sup>

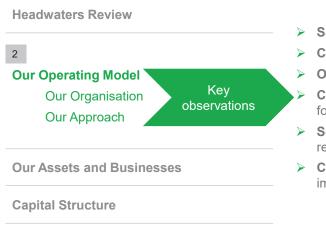
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### Headwaters acquisition review – insights from reviews will strengthen processes and business

Key area	
Headwaters as target	$\checkmark$ Highly complementary business with good geographic / segment overlap
Transaction approach	✓ Well structured / executed elements eg. independent due diligence structure
Synergies	? A high level of synergies relative to earnings
Market projections	? Reliant on market forecasts; risk understanding
Execution	? Execution gaps, capability stretched, operational issues
Value	? Full price with little room for error

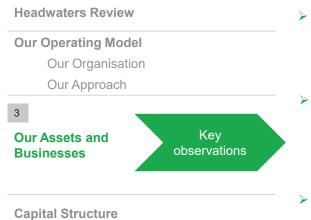
Initial impressions after first 8 weeks



- Safety strong focus; performance plateau
- Culture proud, committed people
- **Operating rhythm** opportunity to re-energise
- Customer insights good innovation, opportunity for deeper understanding of customers
- Scale & costs not leveraging scale, fundamental rethink needed
- Capital discipline allocation & execution could improve

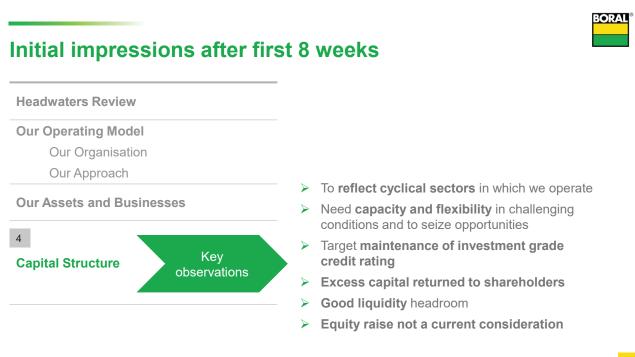


### Initial impressions after first 8 weeks



- > Boral Australia good position, vertical integration
  - Innovative products, strong brand
  - Recent investments still to deliver
  - Can improve operating leverage
- Boral North America
  - Fly Ash strong customer demand
  - Building Products good brands, innovative products
  - Channel alignment opportunities & performance gains
- USG Boral
  - Attractive position in mature and emerging markets
  - Working with Knauf in context of our broader review

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### FY2021 priorities, outlook and trading

- FY2020 was challenging especially 2H business environment remains challenging with continued disruptions and COVID-19 risks, declining demand in key housing markets and mixed views on market recovery
- Immediate focus:
  - Short-term actions divisional improvement initiatives to recover margins / reduce costs
  - Safely operating with continuity of supply in a COVID-19 environment, while maintaining strong cash conversion
  - Completing portfolio review including defining our operating model and capital structure by end of October
- · Unable to provide guidance on FY2021 due to insufficient market visibility and uncertainty
- FY2021 trading uncertainty remains:
  - Lower revenues in July but only slightly lower earnings relative to pcp
  - July EBITDA margins recovered relative to 2HFY2020 and broadly in line with 1HFY2020
  - Boral Australia: July concrete volumes down ~12%; Melbourne Stage 4 lockdown impacting with Melbourne metro concrete volumes down ~20% on pcp for duration
  - Boral North America: positive signs of demand lifting, but labour constraints / absenteeism increasing industry lead times. July sales volumes improving relative to recent months but still below pcp – Stone down ~1%, Roofing down ~9%, Fly Ash down ~10%
  - USG Boral: July plasterboard volumes down ~6% in Australia and ~11% in Asia versus pcp

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### **Questions**







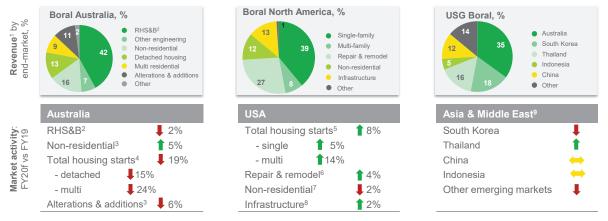


### **Supplementary information**

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### Mixed underlying market activity, coupled with significant disruption in 2H due to COVID-19 and Australian bushfires



Based on FY2020 external revenue; USG Boral is for underlying revenue; Boral North America includes Boral's 50% share of revenue from Meridian Brick JV which is not included in reported revenue Roads, highways, subdivisions and bridges. Average of Macromonitor and BIS Oxford Economics value of work done forecasts Original series from ABS to Mar-20 quarter: Average of Macromonitor, BIS Oxford Economics forecast for Jun-20 quarter ABS original housing starts; average of of Macromonitor, BIS Oxford Economics and HIA forecasts for Jun-20 quarter US Census seasonally adjusted annualised housing starts (August 2020). Based on data up to June 2020 Moody's retail sales of building products, July 2020 Management estimate of square feet area utilising Dodge Data & Analytics June 2020 report Management estimate of seady mix demand utilising Dodge Data & Analytics June 2020 report and other industry sources Based on various indicators of building and cosntruction activity

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8. 9.

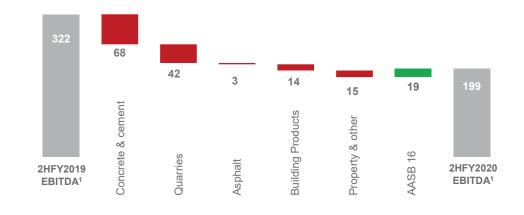
### Research and the second half analysis

continuing operations A\$m			2H FY2		2H FY2019	Var, %	1H FY2020	1H FY201	9 Var, %	
Revenue			1,58	84	1,717	(8)	1,752	1,794	(2)	
EBITDA <sup>1</sup>			19	9	322		287	270		
EBITDA <sup>1</sup> pre-AASB16			18	0	322	(44)	267	270	(1)	
EBITDA <sup>1</sup> ROS pre-AASB1	6		11.4	1%	18.8%		15.3%	15.0%	)	
EBITDA <sup>1</sup> excl. Property pr	re-AASB16		15	4	286	(46)	239	273	(12)	
2HFY2020 on 2HFY2019 Var, %	Sales volumes	Produ volu		Price <sup>2</sup>	FY202 Var, %	0 on FY2019		Sales volumes	Production volumes	Price <sup>2</sup>
Concrete	(12)	-		(3)	Concre	ete		(10)	-	(2)
Quarries	1	(14	4)	(3)	Quarrie	es		(3)	(11)	steady
Cement	(13)	(14	4)	(2)	Cemer	nt		(6)	(9)	(1)

Excluding significant items
 On a like-for-like basis.

Boral Australia second half analysis (continuing operations)

#### 2H FY2020 by Product, A\$m



1. Excluding significant items.



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## Boral North America second half analysis

US\$m		2H FY2020	2H FY2019 <sup>2</sup>	Var, %	1H FY2020	1H FY2019	Var	·, %	
Revenue		741	796	(7)	825	796	4	Ļ	
EBITDA <sup>1</sup> pre-AASB16		77	144	(47)	111	134	(1	7)	
EBITDA <sup>1</sup> ROS pre-AASB1	6	10.4%	18.1%		13.5%	16.8%			
2HFY2020 on 2HFY2019 Var, %	Sales volumes	Production volumes	Price	FY2020 o Var, %	on FY2019		ales umes	Production volumes	Price
Fly Ash	(9)	na	12	Fly Ash		(	2)	na	10
Roofing	(13)	(20)	(2)	Roofing		(	6)	(10)	steady
Rooling	(13)	(20)	(-)	rtooning		(	- /	( )	

Excluding significant items
 FY19 comparative figures have been restated. See Note 1d of preliminary financial report

USG Boral second half analysis

A\$m		2H FY2020	2H FY2019	Var, %	1H FY2020	1H FY2019	Var, %	
Equity income <sup>1,2</sup>		2	32	(94)	23	25	(8)	
Underlying result								
Revenue		662	775	(15)	812	831	(2)	
EBITDA <sup>2</sup>		90	127		127	125		
EBITDA <sup>2</sup> pre-AASB16		75	127	(41)	115	125	(8)	
EBITDA <sup>2</sup> ROS pre-AASB16		11.3%	16.4%		14.2%	15.1%		
2HFY2020 on 2HFY2019 Var, %	Sales volumes	Produc volum			2020 on FY2 r, %	019	Sales volumes	
Aventualia	(5)	(7)	(4)		- 4 11 -		(0)	

2HFY2020 on 2HFY2019 Var, %	Sales volumes	Production volumes	Price (ASP)	FY2020 on FY2019 Var, %	Sales volumes	Production volumes	Price (ASP)
Australia	(5)	(7)	(1)	Australia	(6)	(8)	3
Asia	(17)	(18)	(4)	Asia	(6)	(9)	1

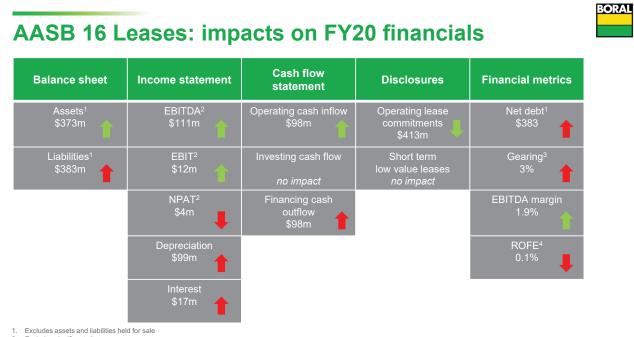
Post-tax equity income from Boral's 50% share of USG Boral JV
 Excluding significant items



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2. 3.

Return on funds employed (ROFE) is based on total EBIT before significant items on funds employed at period end 4

**Boral Group: snapshot** 

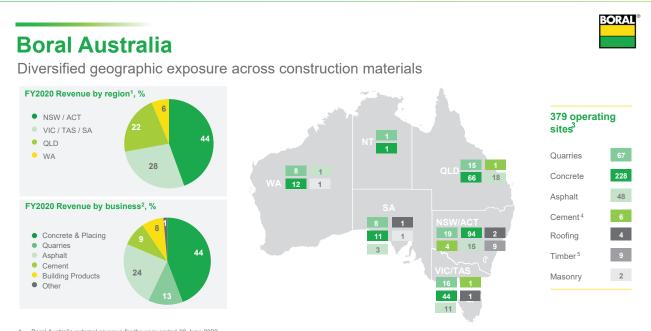
Australian based, ASX listed international building and construction materials group

A\$4.7b market capitalisation <sup>1</sup> S&P/ASX 100 company 17 countries <sup>2</sup>	FY2020 revenue by division <sup>4</sup> , % Boral Australia USG Boral Boral North America	39 50	556 000	<b>645 720</b> FY16 FY17	<b>1,050</b> FY18	<b>1,010</b> FY19	710 FY20
~646 operating sites <sup>2</sup>	FY2020 revenue by end market <sup>4</sup> , %	4 <sup>5 2</sup> 25	<ul> <li>Australian RHS&amp;B<sup>6</sup> &amp; ot</li> <li>Australian non-residentia</li> <li>Australian detached hou</li> </ul>	al	<ul><li>USA sin</li><li>USA mu</li><li>USA rep</li></ul>		del
<b>16,169</b> employees <sup>3</sup>		14 9 7 7 6 <sup>8</sup>	<ul> <li>Australian multi-resident</li> <li>Australian alterations &amp; a</li> <li>Asia &amp; Middle East</li> </ul>	additions	<ul><li>USA nor</li><li>USA infr</li><li>Other</li></ul>		al

As at 27 August 2020
 As at 30 June 2020
 Full-time equivalent employees, including in joint ventures, as at 30 June 2020
 Full-time equivalent employees inderlying revenue from USG Boral and Meridian Brick joint ventures, which are not included in Group reported revenue and excludes discontinued operations
 Excluding significant items and impact of the new leasing standard. Prior period restated where relevant with further details in Note 1d of the preliminary final report.
 RHS&B: Roads, highways, subdivisions & bridges

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1. 2.

Boral Australia external revenue for the year ended 30 June 2020 Other includes Transport and Landfill revenues As at 30 June 2020. Includes transport, recycling, fly ash depots and R&D sites. Concrete and asphalt sites include mobile plants. Excludes mothballed plants Includes cement manufacturing, grinding, bagging and lime plants in NSW, a clinker grinding plant in Victoria and a clinker grinding JV in Queensland Includes eight Boral Hardwood mills and one JV Softwood operation

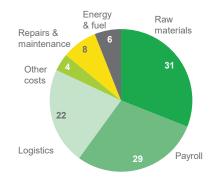
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### **Boral Australia**





- Inflationary cost impacts of ~2% to 2.5% across • the business
- Labour: average wage inflation ~2%-3% •
- Raw materials costs: internationally traded clinker • prices increased in line with Asian markets and FX
- Logistics: supply chain optimisation program • delivered ~\$15m of savings in FY2020
- Energy and fuel: benefited from lower electricity • and diesel prices

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### **Boral Australia**

Vertically integrated positions in key markets, especially in strong East Coast markets

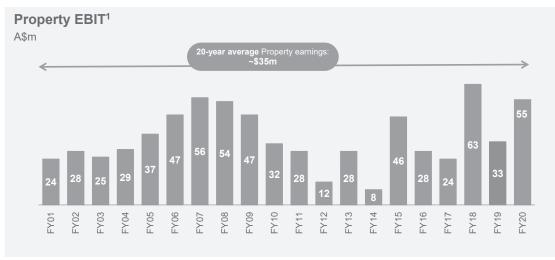


Includes Boral's share of 1.5m tonnes of grinding capacity in 50% owned Sunstate Cement JV Based on recent historical average

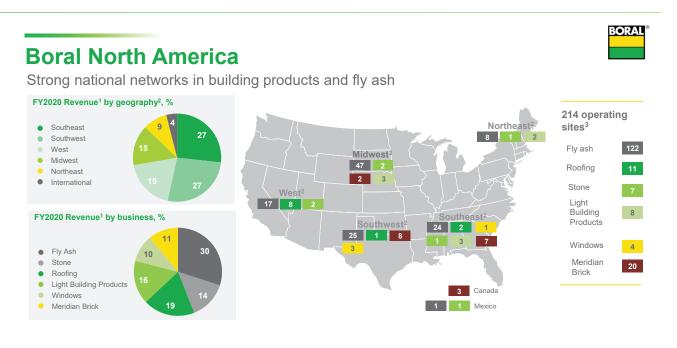
2. 3 For sand and aggregates only

### Property is an ongoing contributor to earnings

Boral has a strong track record of maximising returns from property assets



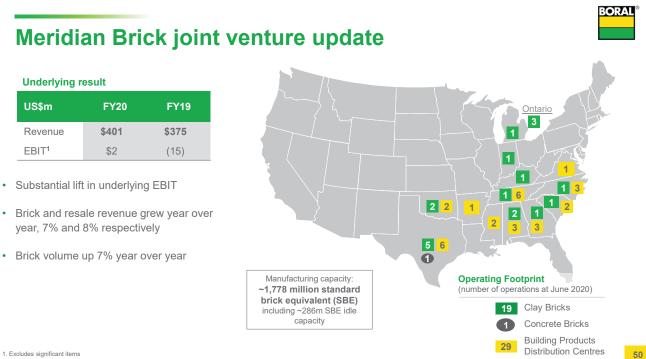
1. Excluding significant items (including divestment proceeds from Deer Park Landfill) and ongoing landfill royalties



Based on external revenue, including Boral's 50% share of Meridian Brick JV revenue, which is not included in reported revenue Southeast – AL, FL, GA, KY, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, WV; Southwest – AR, LA, OK, TX; West – AK, AZ, CA, CO, HI, ID, MT, NM, NV, OR, UT, WA, WY; Midwest – IA, IL, IN, KS, MI, MN, MO, ND, NE, OH, SD, WI; Northeast – CT, DC, DE, MA, MD, ME, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, VT. As at 30 June 2020. Includes 38 clay mines and four R&D sites. Excludes mothballed plants and distribution locations 2.

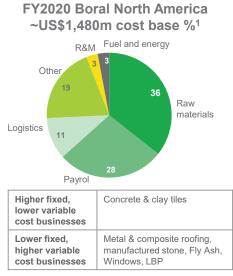
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- 3.



1. Excludes significant items

### **Boral North America**



1. Excluding Meridian Brick JV. Total cost base represents continuing operations

- Inflationary cost impacts of ~3% to 5% across the business
- **Raw materials costs:** higher raw material costs in Light Building Products, Windows and Stone; however initiatives have continued to target this category
- **Labour:** availability has been challenging in many markets, and wages have been increasing
- Logistics: lower availability of carriers and higher rail costs in FY20
- Energy and fuel: stable electricity, gas and fuel costs of \$US41m in FY2020 (versus US\$41m in FY2019)

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### Fly ash strategy

Additional volume opportunities ('000 tons	ot annual		FY2020 progress	Annualised progress on FY2018	
Network optimisation (and storage)	~500+	+ \$5-\$60 Captured additional ~400k tpa		Captured additional <b>~400k</b> t in 1H FY20	~800
Domestic contracts	~400+	0-\$15	3 new contracts ~320k tpa	~Additional ~1,300k tpa ash capacity secured from multiple contracts to progressively impact from FY21; lost contracts ~230k tpa	~1,400
Harvesting ash from wet ponds & landfills	~400+	\$40-\$60		Montour fully operational ~100k tpa –extra shifts can be added; Muliple harvesting projects being pursued	~100
<b>Imports</b> (long term strategy into key areas)	~300+	developing		ng logistics to grow volumes; currently argin opportunity	~60
Blending with natural pozzolans	~400+	\$60-\$85	Dragon Mine (UT) source secured: investigations underway to blend with ash	Kirkland (AR) rights acquired: high quality pozzolan to deliver ~500k tpa by FY22	~500
Utility closures			Texas closures & Florida (800k tpa FY18/19, incl. 475k in FY19)	Navajo & Vistra closures (475k tpa) FY20/21	(~950)

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## Headwaters acquisition synergies

Synergy drivers by business, US\$	Delivered in FY2020	Cumulative Delivered FY2020	Total Yr 4 target, pa
Corporate – incl. executive headcount, public company costs, procurement	\$0.2m	\$11.8m	>\$15m
Fly Ash	\$0.6m	\$19.1m	>\$24m
<ul> <li>Ash supply / network optimisation / logistics</li> </ul>			
Procurement			
Sales coverage expansion & high value product growth – Boral faced local set	upply constraints in s	some locations, HW h	ad ability to supply
Organisational efficiencies – e.g. consolidating finance systems and overlapping	ı sales coverage, en	gineering support and	operations
<ul> <li>Other including technology / R&amp;D</li> </ul>			
Stone	\$3.0m	\$7.5m <sup>1</sup>	>\$25m
<ul> <li>Plant network optimisation</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Sales coverage</li> </ul>			
Procurement			
<ul> <li>Manufacturing equipment</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Other including organisational efficiencies</li> </ul>			
1. Recognises the impact of share loss as a result of the acquisition		cc	NTINUED OVER PAGE

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## Headwaters acquisition synergies

Synergy drivers by business, US\$	Delivered in FY2020	Cumulative Delivered FY2020	Total target, pa
Roofing	\$2.4m	\$21.3m	>\$30m
Procurement			
<ul> <li>Cross-selling portfolio – e.g. re-sale products from Boral's traditional busineminimal exposure</li> </ul>	ss can sell into ma	rkets where Headw	aters had
<ul> <li>Manufacturing &amp; network optimisation</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Manufacturing efficiencies</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Other including organisational efficiencies</li> </ul>			
Light Building	\$1.6m	\$16.8m	>\$16m
Procurement			
<ul> <li>Sales coverage, cross selling, retail presence</li> </ul>			
Organisational efficiencies			
Other			
Other: Including Block <sup>1</sup> & Windows	(\$0.7m)	\$1.3m	>\$2m
Total	\$7.1m	\$77.8m	\$115m
1. Prior year Block synergies included in cumulative figure			

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### **USG Boral**

#### 50%-owned joint venture in Australasia, Asia & Middle East



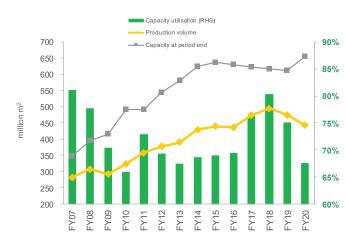
- 1. 2
- Based on split of underlying revenue for USG Boral. USG Boral's revenue is not reported in Boral's income statement as this 50% investment is equity accounted As at 30 June 2020. Certain manufacturing facilities and gypsum mines are held in joint venture with third parties Production of plasterboard and other products may be at the same physical location Other plants include mineral fibre ceiling title, metal ceiling grid, metal products, joint compounds, bonding compounds, industrial plasters, mineral wool and cornice production Includes the cornice plant in Australia that will be rebuilt
- 5



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### **USG Boral**

5% CAGR in plasterboard volumes and strong capacity utilisation



- Average capacity utilisation of ~68% across network in FY2020, slightly lower than FY20191
- Plasterboard production volume CAGR<sup>2</sup> of 5% p.a. (including Aus/NZ) since FY2007

Includes plasterboard and gypsum ceiling tile volumes Based on total production capacity at period end. Compound annual growth rate 1.

### Market data and forecasts – Australia







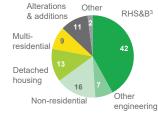
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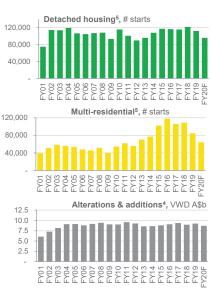
### **Boral Australia's markets**



Revenues are derived from various market segments





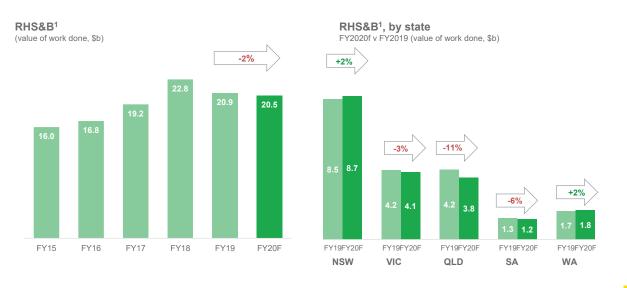


Roads, highways, subdivisions and bridges
 Source: ABS, BIS Oxford Economics and Macromonitor forecasts
 Source: ABS, BIS Oxford Economics, Macromonitor and HIA forecasts

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## Australian RHS&B activity

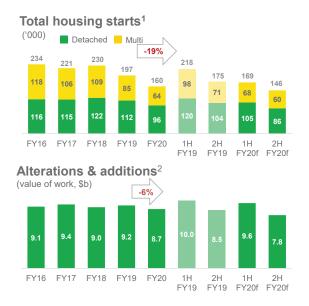


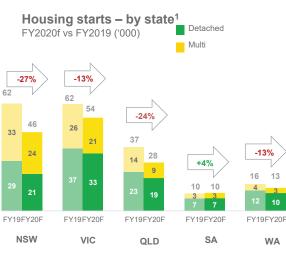
1. RHS&B refers to roads, highways, subdivisions and bridges. Source: ABS, average of BIS Oxford Economics and Macromonitor forecasts



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### Australian residential construction decline





Original series housing starts from ABS to Mar-30 quarter. Average of BIS Oxford Economics, Macromonitor and HIA forecast for Jun-20 quarter. Original series from ABS. Average of BIS Oxford Economic and Macromonitor forecast for Jun-20 2.

quarter. Figures may not add due to rounding 3.

### Selection of Aus. project work and potential pipeline

Project <sup>1</sup>	Status <sup>2</sup>	Project <sup>1</sup>	Status <sup>2</sup>
Barangaroo 1B – Tower 1, NSW		M6 – Kogarah, NSW	
Norfolk Island Airport, Qld		Monash Freeway Upgrade – Stage 2, Vic	
Melbourne Metro Rail Project (Precast), Vic		North East Link, Melbourne, Vic	
Pacific Motorway: Varsity Lakes to Tugun Upgrade, Qld	Est. completion FY21	Pacific Motorway M1 (various), SE Qld	
RAAF East Sale, Vic		RAAF Williamtown, NSW	
Karratha Tom Price Road, WA		Snowy Hydro 2.0, NSW	Tendering
Queens Wharf – resort development, Qld	Est. completion FY22	Sydney Gateway Project, NSW	
Mordialloc Bypass, Vic	Est. completion F122	Sydney Road Asset Performance Contract, NSW	
West Gate Tunnel, Vic		Sydney Metro (various stations), NSW	
Snowy Hydro 2.0, NSW (precast)	Est. completion FY23	Tonkin Highway extension, WA	
Sydney Metro (Martin Place Station), NSW		Western Sydney Airport, NSW	
WestConnex 3B (above ground), NSW		Bunbury Outer Ring Road, WA	
Road Asset Management Contracts, Qld	Est. completion FY24	Coffs Harbour Bypass, NSW	
DPTI Road Work Network maintenance, Zone 4, SA		Inland Rail Project, Qld, NSW, Vic	
Bruce Highway Upgrade (Various), Qld		New M12 Motorway, NSW	Pre-tendering
Cross River Rail, Qld		Sydney Metro, West extension, NSW	
Gold Coast Light Rail, 3A, Qld	Tendering	Warringah Freeway Upgrade, NSW	
Golden Plains Wind Farm, Vic			
Kidston Hydro Project, Qld			

Boral's major projects are generally defined as contributing >\$15m of revenue to Boral
 As at July 2020

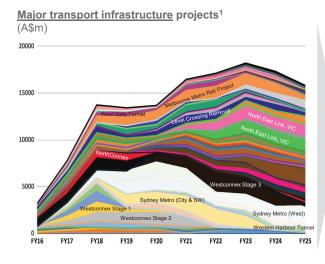
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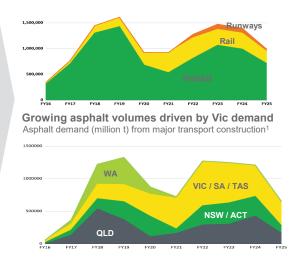
### A strong medium term project pipeline

While the pipeline is strong, the shifting nature of work is changing materials intensity



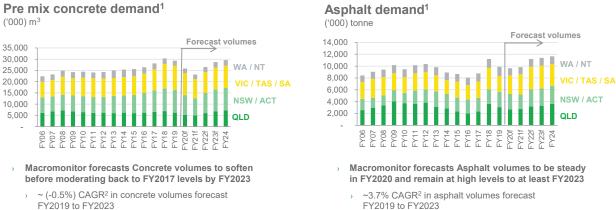
1. Macromonitor June 2020 Forecasts. Major projects defined as >\$450m of VWD

Softer concrete volumes driven by more tunnelling Premix demand (million m<sup>3</sup>) from major transport construction<sup>1</sup>



### Concrete and asphalt demand in Australia

Macromonitor forecast<sup>1</sup> demand across all Australian construction markets



FY2019 to FY2023

Depending on phasing of projects and given Boral's large share of major projects, Boral's change in FY2021 volumes on FY2020 could be different to what Macromonitor is forecasting

Macromonitor, Construction Materials forecast, Jun 2020 estimates 2 Compound annual growth rate

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### Market data and forecasts – USA





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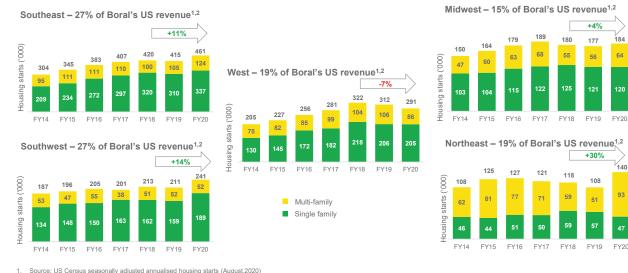
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FY20

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### US housing starts by region



Source: US Census seasonally adjusted annualised housing starts (August,2020) Based on FY2020 external revenue, including Boral's 50% share of Meridian Brick JV revenue, which is not included in reported revenue. Southeast - AL, FL, GA, KY, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, WY, Southwest - AR, LA, OK, TX; West - AK, AZ, CA, CO, HI, ID, MT, NM, NV, OR, UT, WA, WY; Midwest - IA, IL, IN, KS, MI, MN, MO, ND, NE, OH, SD, WI; Northeast - CT, DC, DE, MA, MD, ME, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, VT; international sales comprise the remainder of the revenue split 2





USA Non-residential<sup>3</sup>: 12% of BNA revenue

USA New Residential<sup>1</sup>: 47% of BNA revenue



USA Repair & Remodel<sup>2</sup>: 27% of BNA revenue



USA Infrastructure4: 13% of BNA revenue



US Census seasonally adjusted annualised housing starts (August, 2020). Moody's Retail Sales of Building Products (July, 2020). Dodge Data & Analytics, Non-Residential Area (June 2020, Q2 2020 update). Forecast based on Dodge Data & Analytics (June 2020) Dodge Data & Analytics, Infrastructure Ready Mix Demand (June 2020). Forecast based on Dodge Data & Analytics, Infrastructure Ready Mix Demand (June 2020)

### **Financial data**





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### FY2020 segment revenue, EBITDA and EBIT

	External revenue, A\$m		EBITDA <sup>2</sup> , A\$m		EBIT <sup>2,</sup> A\$m	
	FY2020	FY2019 <sup>3</sup>	FY2020	FY2019 <sup>3</sup>	FY2020	FY2019 <sup>3</sup>
Boral Australia	3.336	3,511	447	592	225	385
Boral North America	2,336	2,227	281	388	113	225
USG Boral <sup>1</sup>	-	-	25	57	25	57
Discontinued Operations <sup>4</sup>	-	-	(5)	5	(8)	(1)
Corporate	57	123	(38)	(32)	(39)	(33)
Total	5,728	5,861	710	1,010	317	632

Represents Boral's 50% post-tax equity accounted income from the USG Boral joint venture
 EBITDA and EBIT exclude the impact of the new IFRS leasing standard (AASB16)
 SY2019 results have been restated. See Note 1d of the preliminary final report for further details.
 Discontinued Operations includes Midland Brick, Derver Construction Materials and US Block

(Figures may not add due to rounding)

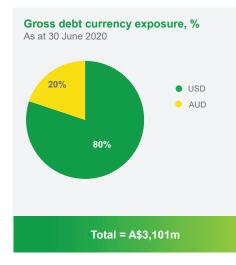
## US tax loss summary

Federal tax losses US\$m	Gross value	Tax effected value
Recognised on balance sheet	493	103
Unrecognised	85	18
Total	578	121

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## Bank debt profile



Bank debt facilities, A\$m	<b>FY2020</b> <sup>1</sup>	FY2019
US Private Placement Notes	1,011	817
Swiss Franc notes <sup>2</sup>	-	219
US 144A / Reg S Senior Notes	1,396	1,350
Bank Loans <sup>3</sup>	677	-
Other	17	15
Gross debt	3,101	2,401
Net debt	2,197	2,193

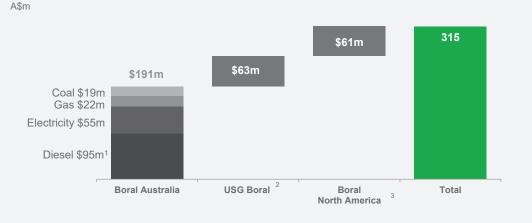
Excludes \$38.1 million of lease liabilities
 Issued under EMTN program. Swapped to USD, matured in Feb 2020
 USD 467m drawn under the bilateral facilities



## Boral's energy and fuel costs



#### Total energy and fuel costs - FY2020



Net of fuel tax rebates
 Based on 50% of USG Boral's energy and fuel costs, reflecting Boral's 50% equity interest in the joint venture
 Includes 50% of Meridian Brick JV's energy and fuel costs

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### **Non-IFRS** information

Boral Limited's statutory results are reported under International Financial Reporting Standards. Earnings before significant items is a non-IFRS measure reported to provide a greater understanding of the underlying business performance of the Group. Significant items are detailed in Note 2 of the preliminary final report and relate to amounts of income and expense that are associated with significant business restructuring, business disposals, impairment or individual transactions.

A reconciliation of these non-IFRS measures to reported statutory profit is detailed on the next page.

The USG Boral division commentary also includes a non-IFRS measure of underlying results excluding significant items, representing the 12 months trading results to assist users to better understand the trading results of this division.

The results announcement has not been subject to review or audit, however it contains disclosures which are extracted or derived from the Full Year Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2020. This Full Year Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2020 is prepared in accordance with the ASX listing rules and should be read in conjunction with any announcements to the market made by the Group during the year.

### Non-IFRS information (continued)



A\$m	Before sig. items	Significant items	Reported Result	Continuing operations	Discontinued operations	Total
Sales revenue	5,728.4	-	5,728.4	5,671.4	57.0	5,728.4
Profit before depreciation, amortisation, interest & tax, EBITDA	821.3	(1,404.4)	(583.1)	(579.1)	(4.0)	(583.1)
Depreciation & amortisation, excl amortisation of acquired intangibles	(429.1)	-	(429.1)	(425.4)	(3.7)	(429.1)
Profit before amortisation of acquired intangibles, interest & tax, EBITA	392.2	(1,404.4)	(1,012.2)	(1,004.5)	(7.7)	(1,012.2)
Amortisation of acquired intangibles	(63.1)	-	(63.1)	(63.1)	-	(63.1)
Profit before interest & income tax, EBIT	329.1	(1,404.4)	(1,075.3)	(1,067.6)	(7.7)	(1,075.3)
Interest	(126.4)	-	(126.4)	(126.4)	-	(126.4)
Profit before tax, PBT	202.7	(1,404.4)	(1,201.7)	(1,194.0)	(7.7)	(1,201.7)
Tax benefit / (expense)	(25.4)	88.5	63.1	60.9	2.2	63.1
Net profit after tax, NPAT	177.3	(1,315.9)	(1,138.6)	(1,133.1)	(5.5)	(1,138.6)
Add back: Amortisation of acquired intangibles	63.1					
Less: Tax effect of amortisation of acquired intangibles	(16.2)					
Net profit after tax & before amortisation of acquired intangibles, NPATA	224.2					
Basic earnings per share, EPS <sup>1</sup> , ¢	14.8		(95.3)			
Basic EPS before amortisation of acquired intangibles, EPSA <sup>1</sup> , ¢	18.8					

1. Based on weighted average number of shares on issue of 1,194,951,891

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## Non-IFRS information (continued)<sup>1</sup>

(A\$m unless stated)	FY2020 Reported	FY2020 excl. leases	
EBITDA <sup>2</sup> from continuing operations	825	715	
EBITDA <sup>2</sup>	821	710	
EBIT <sup>2</sup>	329	317	
Net interest <sup>2</sup>	(126)	(109)	
Profit before tax <sup>2</sup>	203	207	
Tax <sup>2</sup>	(25)	(26)	
Net profit after tax <sup>2</sup>	177	181	
Statutory net profit after tax	(1,139)	(1,135)	
EBITDA margin on revenue², %	14.3	12.4	
EBIT margin on revenue², %	5.7	5.5	
EBIT return on funds employed <sup>2,3</sup> , %	4.6	4.7	
Interest cover <sup>2</sup> , times	2.6	2.9	
Earnings per share², ¢	14.8	15.2	

FY2020 results have been presented including and excluding the impact of the new leasing standard to provide a comparable basis to the prior comparative period Excluding significant items Return on funds employed (ROFE) is based on moving annual EBIT before significant items on funds employed at period end

2.

### **Disclaimer**



The material contained in this document is a presentation of information about the Group's activities current at the date of the presentation, 28 August 2020. It is provided in summary form and does not purport to be complete. It should be read in conjunction with the Group's periodic reporting and other announcements lodged with the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX).

To the extent that this document may contain forward-looking statements, such statements are not guarantees or predictions of future performance, and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond our control, and which may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in the statements contained in this release.

This document is not intended to be relied upon as advice to investors or potential investors and does not take into account the investment objectives, financial situation or needs of any particular investor.

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